

## **User Manual**

1-phase Hybrid Inverter SH8.0RS/SH10RS



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## **About This Manual**

The manual mainly contains the product information, as well as guidelines for installation, operation, and maintenance. The manual does not include complete information about the photovoltaic (PV) system. Readers can get additional information at **www.sungrowpower. com** or on the webpage of the respective component manufacturer.

### Validity

This manual is valid for the following model of low-power grid-connected PV string inverters:

- SH8.0RS
- SH10RS

It will be referred to as "inverter" hereinafter unless otherwise specified.

### **Target Group**

This manual is intended for professional technicians who are responsible for installation, operation, and maintenance of inverters, and users who need to check inverter parameters.

The inverter must only be installed by professional technicians. The professional technician is required to meet the following requirements:

- Know electronic, electrical wiring and mechanical expertise, and be familiar with electrical and mechanical schematics.
- Have received professional training related to the installation and commissioning of electrical equipment.
- Be able to quickly respond to hazards or emergencies that occur during installation and commissioning.
- Be familiar with local standards and relevant safety regulations of electrical systems.
- Read this manual thoroughly and understand the safety instructions related to operations.

### **How to Use This Manual**

Please read this manual carefully before using the product and keep it properly at a place for easy access.

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Contents of this manual may be periodically updated or revised, and the actual product purchased shall prevail. Users can obtain the latest manual from **support.sungrowpower.com** or sales channels.

#### **Symbols**

This manual contains important safety instructions, which are highlighted with the following symbols, to ensure personal and property safety during usage, or to help optimize the product performance in an efficient way.

Please carefully understand the meaning of these warning symbols to better use the manual.

## **▲** DANGER

Indicates high-risk potential hazards that, if not avoided, may lead to death or serious injury.

## **MARNING**

Indicates moderate-risk potential hazards that, if not avoided, may lead to death or serious injury.

## **A** CAUTION

Indicates low-risk potential hazards that, if not avoided, may lead to minor or moderate injury.

## NOTICE

Indicates potential risks that, if not avoided, may lead to device malfunctions or financial losses.



"NOTE" indicates additional information, emphasized contents or tips that may be helpful, e.g., to help you solve problems or save time.

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## 1 Safety Instructions

When installing, commissioning, operating, and maintaining the product, strictly observe the labels on the product and the safety requirements in the manual. Incorrect operation or work may cause:

- Injury or death to the operator or a third party.
- · Damage to the product and other properties.

### **⚠** WARNING

- Do not operate the product and cables (including but not limited to moving the product, installing the product, operating the product and cables, powering up the product, maintaining the product, and working at heights) in harsh weather conditions such as flooding, lightning, rain, snow, and level 6 or stronger wind.
- In case of fire, evacuate from the building or product area and call the fire alarm.
   Re-entry into the burning area is strictly prohibited under any circumstances.

### NOTICE

- Tighten the screws with the specified torque using tools when fastening the product and terminals. Otherwise, the product may be damaged. And the damage caused is not covered by the warranty.
- Learn how to use tools correctly before using them to avoid hurting people or damaging the device.
- Maintain the device with sufficient knowledge of this manual and use proper tools.
  - The safety instructions in this manual are only supplements and cannot cover all the precautions that should be followed. Perform operations considering actual onsite conditions.



- SUNGROW shall not be held liable for any damage caused by violation of general safety operation requirements, general safety standards, or any safety instruction in this manual.
- When installing, operating, and maintaining the product, comply with local laws and regulations. The safety precautions in this manual are only supplements to local laws and regulations.

1 Safety Instructions

User Manual

## 1.1 Unpacking and Inspection

### **M** WARNING

Check all safety signs, warning labels and nameplates on devices.

Ensure that the safety signs, warning labels and nameplates must be clearly visible and cannot be removed or covered before the device is decommissioned.

### **NOTICE**

After receiving the product, check whether the appearance and structural parts of the device are damaged, and check whether the packing list is consistent with the actual ordered product. If there are problems with the above inspection items, do not install the device and contact your distributor first. If the problem persists, contact SUNGROW in time.

## 1.2 Installation Safety

## **A** DANGER

- Make sure there is no electrical connection before installation.
- Before drilling, avoid the water and electricity wiring in the wall.

## **▲** CAUTION

Improper installation may cause personal injury!

- If the product supports hoisting transport and is hoisted by hoisting tools, no one is allowed to stay under the product.
- When moving the product, be aware of the product weight and keep the balance to prevent it from tilting or falling.

### **NOTICE**

Before operating the product, must check and ensure that tools to be used have been maintained regularly.

User Manual 1 Safety Instructions

## 1.3 Electrical Connection Safety

## **▲** DANGER

Before electrical connections, please make sure that the inverter is not damaged, otherwise it may cause danger!

Before electrical connections, please make sure that the inverter switch and all switches connected to the inverter are set to "OFF", otherwise electric shock may occur!

### **▲** DANGER

The PV string will generate lethal high voltage when exposed to sunlight.

- Operators must wear proper personal protective equipment during electrical connections.
- Must ensure that cables are voltage-free with a measuring instrument before touching DC cables.
- · Respect all safety instructions listed in relevant documents about PV strings.

## **▲** DANGER

Danger to life due to a high voltage inside the inverter!

- · Be sure to use special insulation tools during cable connections.
- Note and observe the warning labels on the product, and perform operations strictly following the safety instructions.
- Respect all safety instructions listed in this manual and other pertinent documents.

## **A** DANGER

If the battery is short-circuited, the instantaneous current will be excessively high and a large amount of energy will be released, which may cause fire and personal injury.

Disconnect the battery from all voltage sources prior to performing any work on the battery.

Lethal voltages are present at the battery terminals and cables connecting to the inverter. Severe injuries or death may occur if the cables and terminals in the inverter are touched.

Observe all safety information provided by the battery manufacturer.

1 Safety Instructions User Manual

#### **▲** WARNING

Damage to the product caused by incorrect wiring is not covered by the warranty.

- · Electrical connection must be performed by professionals.
- Please use measuring devices with an appropriate range. Overvoltage can damage the measuring device and cause personal injury.
- All cables used in the PV generation system must be firmly attached, properly insulated, and adequately dimensioned.
- Do not damage the ground conductor. Do not operate the product in the absence of a properly installed ground conductor. Otherwise, it may cause personal injury or product damage.

### **M** WARNING

Check the positive and negative polarity of the PV strings, and connect the PV connectors to corresponding terminals only after ensuring polarity correctness. During the installation and operation of the inverter, please ensure that the positive or negative poles of PV strings do not short-circuit to the ground. Otherwise, an AC or DC short-circuit may occur, resulting in equipment damage. The damage caused by this is not covered by the warranty.

The interfaces of the battery in the system must be compatible with the inverter. The entire battery voltage range must be completely within the permissible range of the inverter, and the battery voltage shall not exceed the maximum permissible DC input voltage of the inverter.

### NOTICE

- Comply with the safety instructions related to PV strings and the regulations related to the local grid.
- Install the external protective grounding cable first when performing electrical connection and remove the external protective grounding cable last when removing the inverter.

User Manual 1 Safety Instructions

## 1.4 Operation Safety

## **↑** DANGER

When routing cables, ensure a distance of at least 30 mm between the cables and heat-generating components or areas to protect the insulation layer of cables from aging and damage.

When the product is working:

- Do not touch the product enclosure.
- · It is strictly forbidden to plug and unplug any connector on the inverter.
- Do not touch any wiring terminal of the inverter. Otherwise, electric shock may occur.
- Do not disassemble any parts of the inverter. Otherwise, electric shock may occur.
- It is strictly forbidden to touch any hot parts of the inverter (such as the heat sink). Otherwise, it may cause burns.
- Do not connect or remove any battery. Otherwise, electric shock may occur.
- Do not connect or remove any PV string or any PV module in a string. Otherwise, electric shock may occur.
- If the inverter is equipped with a DC switch, do not operate it. Otherwise, it may cause device damage or personal injury.

## 1.5 Maintenance Safety

### **↑** DANGER

Risk of inverter damage or personal injury due to incorrect service!

- Before maintenance, disconnect the AC circuit breaker on the grid side and then the DC switch. If a fault that may cause personal injury or device damage is found before maintenance, disconnect the AC circuit breaker and wait until the night before operating the DC switch. Otherwise, a fire inside the product or an explosion may occur, causing personal injuries.
- After the inverter is powered off for, measure the voltage and current with professional instrument. Only when there is no voltage nor current can operators who wear protective equipment operate and maintain the inverter.
- Even if the inverter is shut down, it may still be hot and cause burns. Wear protective gloves before operating the inverter after it cools down.

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### **▲** DANGER

Touching the power grid or the contact points and terminals on the inverter connected to the power grid may lead to electric shock!

 The power grid side may generate voltage. Always use a standard voltmeter to ensure that there is no voltage before touching.

## **A** CAUTION

To prevent misuse or accidents caused by unrelated personnel, post prominent warning signs or demarcate safety warning areas around the product.

#### NOTICE

To avoid the risk of electric shock, do not perform any other maintenance operations beyond those described in this manual. If necessary, contact your distributor first. If the problem persists, contact SUNGROW. Otherwise, the losses caused is not covered by the warranty.

#### NOTICE

- If the paint on the inverter enclosure falls or rusts, repair it in time. Otherwise, the inverter performance may be affected.
- Do not use cleaning agents to clean the inverter. Otherwise, the inverter may be damaged, and the loss caused is not covered by the warranty.
- As the inverter contains no parts that can be maintained, never open the enclosure of the inverter or replace any internal components without authorization.
   Otherwise, the loss caused is not covered by the warranty.

## 1.6 Disposal Safety

### **M** WARNING

Please scrap the product in accordance with relevant local regulations and standards to avoid property losses or casualties.

## 2 Product Description

## 2.1 System Introduction

The inverter is a transformerless 1-phase hybrid inverter. As an integral component in the power system, the inverter is designed to convert the direct current power generated from the PV modules or batteries into grid-compatible AC current and feeds the AC current to the utility grid.

The 1-phase hybrid inverters are applicable to both on-grid and off-grid PV systems. With the integrated Energy Management System (EMS), they can control and optimize the energy flow so as to increase the self-consumption of the system.

#### **▲** WARNING

- The inverter must only be operated with PV strings with class II protection in accordance with IEC 61730, application class A. It is not allowed for the positive pole or the negative pole of the PV strings to be grounded. This can cause the inverter to be destroyed.
- Damages to the product due to a faulty or damaged PV installation are not covered by warranty.
- Any use other than the one described in this document is not permitted.
- During the installation and operation of the inverter, please ensure that the positive or negative polarities of PV strings and those of batteries do not short-circuit to the ground. Otherwise, an AC or DC short-circuit may occur, resulting in equipment damage. The damage caused by this is not covered by the warranty.
- Do not short-circuit the Backup port during operation. Otherwise, the inverter or power distribution system will be seriously damaged. The loss is not covered by the SUNGROW warranty.
- Do not connect any local load between the inverter and the AC circuit breaker.

#### NOTICE

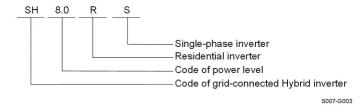
- For the TT utility grid, the N line voltage to ground must be 30 V or less.
- · The utility grid must be a TN system for the off-grid application.
- The system is not suitable for supplying life-sustaining medical devices. It cannot guarantee backup power in all circumstances.
- The inverter applies only to the scenarios described in this manual.

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## 2.2 Product Introduction

## **Model Description**

The model description is as follows (take SH8.0RS as an example):



## **Appearance**

The following figure shows the appearance of the inverter. The image shown here is for reference only. The actual product received may differ.

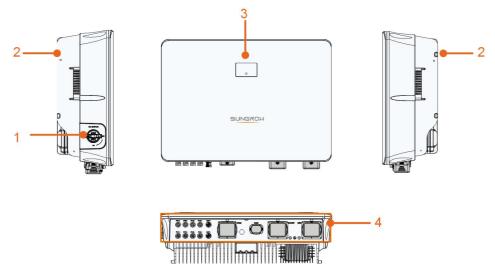


figure 2-1 Dimensions of the Inverter

No.	Name	Description	
1	DC switch	To safely disconnect the DC circuit whenever necessary.	
2	Hanger	To hang the inverter on the wall-mounting bracket.	
'		The LED screen indicates the running information and the	
3	LED pannel	LED indicator indicates the current working state of the	
		inverter.	
4	Electrical connec-	PV terminals, battery terminal, AC terminal, additional	
4	tion area	grounding terminal and communication terminals.	

## **Dimensions**

The following figure shows the dimensions of the inverter.

User Manual 2 Product Description

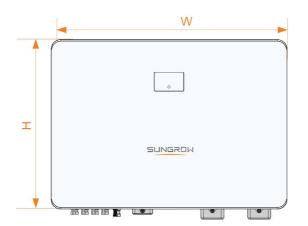




figure 2-2 Dimensions of the Inverter

Inverter Model	W (mm)	H (mm)	D (mm)
SH8.0RS / SH10RS	605	435	181

## 2.3 Symbols on the Product

Symbol	Explanation		
PV	DC parameters on the PV side.		
BAT	Parameters on the battery side.		
AC-Grid	Parameters on the AC on-grid side.		
AC-Backup	Parameters on the AC backup side.		
	Regulatory compliance mark.		
SUD	TÜV mark of conformity.		
TÜVRheinland GERTIFED	TÜVRheinland mark of conformity.		
UK CA	UKCA mark of conformity.		
X	The inverter does not have a transformer.		
X	Do not dispose of the inverter together with household waste.		

2 Product Description User Manual

Symbol	Explanation		
$\triangle$	Disconnect the inverter from all the external power sources before maintenance!		
4	Danger to life due to high voltages!		
i	Read the user manual before maintenance!		
	Burn danger due to the hot surface that may exceed 60°C.		
	Danger to life due to high voltages!		
	Do not touch live parts for 10 minutes after disconnection from		
10min	the power sources.		
	Only qualified personnel can open and maintain the inverter.		
	Additional grounding point.		

<sup>\*</sup> The table shown here is for reference only. The actual product received may differ.

## 2.4 LED Panel

The LED panel with a display screen and an indicator is on the front of the inverter.



figure 2-3 LED Panel

(a) Normal state

(b) Error state

No.	Name	Description
1	E-day	Today's energy yield
2	Pac	Real-time AC output power
3	SOC	Battery SOC (State of Charge)
	LED	To indicate the working state of the inverter.
4	LED indicator	Touch it to switch the information in normal state or view multiple
	indicator	error codes in error state.
5	Error code	The error code in the figure is just an example.

User Manual 2 Product Description

• In normal state, the E-day, Pac and SOC information will be displayed alternately. Also you can touch the LED indicator to switch the information.

- In error state, touch the LED indicator to view error codes.
- If there is no operation for 5 minutes, the display screen will be off. Touch the LED indicator to activate it.

table 2-1 State description of the LED indicator

LED color	State	Definition
	On	The inverter is operating normally.
Blue	Flashing	The inverter is at standby or startup state (not feeding power into the grid).
	On	A system fault has occured.
Red		
	Off	Both the AC and DC sides are powered down.
Gray		

## **M** WARNING

Voltage may still be present in AC side circuits after the indicator is off. Pay attention to the electricity safety during operating.

## 2.5 DC Switch

The DC-Switch is used to disconnect or connect the PV-DC circuit when AC is turned off or DC current is below 0,5A.

The inverter operates automatically when input and output requirements are met. Rotate the DC switch to the "OFF" position to stop the inverter when a fault occurs. When you need to stop the inverter normally please first turn off AC and shut down the hybrid via app.



Turn the DC switch to the "ON" position before restarting the inverter.

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## 2.6 PV Energy Storage System (PV ESS)

## **NOTICE**

When designing the system, ensure that the operating ranges of all devices that are connected to the inverter meet the requirements of the inverter.

## 2.6.1 PV Energy Storage System (PV ESS)

The following figure shows inverter application in a PV energy storage system.

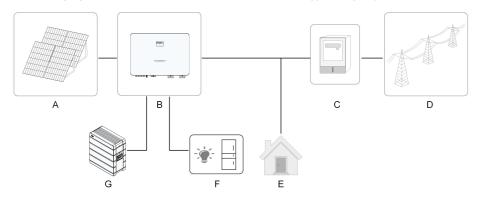
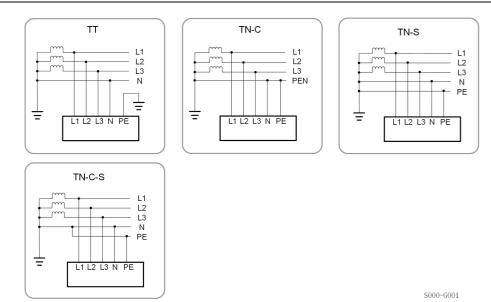


figure 2-4 PV Energy Storage System

Item	Description	Note
Α	PV strings	Compatible with monocrystalline silicon, polycrystalline sili-
		con, and thin-film modules without grounding.
В	Inverter	SH8.0RS, SH10RS
С	Metering device	Meter cupboard with power distribution system.
D	Utility grid	TT , TN-C , TN-S, TN-C-S.
_	Laada	Common loads, which will be lack of power when grid is
E	Loads	blackout.
_	Protected house	Loads, connected to inverter backup port, which need unin-
F	loads	terrupted power supply.
G	Battery (optional)	A Li-ion battery.

The following figure shows the common grid configurations.

User Manual 2 Product Description



## 2.6.2 Declaration For Back-Up Function

## **A** DANGER

This product is not suitable for supplying power to life-sustaining medical devices since power outages may result in danger to life.

The following statement involves SUNGROW general policies about the hybrid inverters described in this document.

- 1 For hybrid inverters, the electrical installation typically includes connection of the inverter to both PV modules and batteries. If there is no available power from batteries or PV modules in backup mode, the backup power supply will be automatically terminated. SUNGROW shall hold no liability for any consequences arising from failing to observe this instruction.
- 2 Normally, the Back-Up switching time is less than 10 ms. However, some external factors or local regulations may cause the system to fail on Back-Up mode. Therefore, the users must be aware of conditions and follow the instructions as below:
- Do not connect loads that are dependent on a stable energy supply for a reliable operation.
- Do not connect the loads whose total capacity is greater than the maximum Back-Up capacity.
- Due to the condition of the battery itself, battery current might be limited by some factors, including but not limited to the temperature and weather.

## **Declaration For Back-Up Overload Protection**

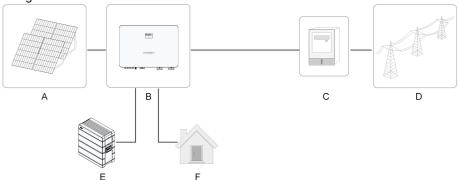
The inverter will restart in case of overload protection. The time required for restarting will increase (10 min at most) if overload protection repeats. Try to reduce Back-Up load power

2 Product Description User Manual

within maximum limitation or remove the loads which may cause very high start-up current surges.

## 2.7 Whole Home Backup

In this scenario, in the case of grid outage, energy stored in the PV modules and the battery will be used to supply the loads, so that home appliances can work normally during the outage.



Item	Description	Note
^	PV strings	Compatible with monocrystalline silicon, polycrystalline sili-
Α		con, and thin-film modules without grounding.
В	Inverter	SH8.0RS, SH10RS
С	Metering device	Meter cupboard with power distribution system.
D	Utility grid	TT, TN-C, TN-S, TN-C-S.
E	Battery (optional)	A Li-ion battery.
F	Loads	House loads, connected to inverter backup port.

Note: 1. In this scenario, the household load should be connected to the backup port.

2. The power of household loads connected should not exceed the maximum backup output of the inverter.

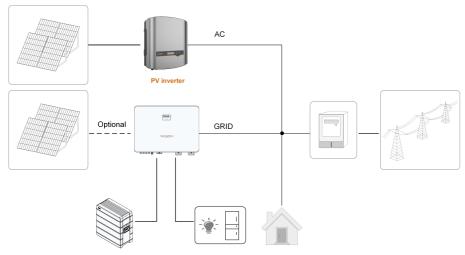
## 2.8 Retrofitting the Existing PV System

The hybrid inverter is compatible with any single-phase PV grid-connected inverters. An existing PV system can be retrofitted to be a PV ESS with the addition of the hybrid inverter.

The power generation from the existing PV inverter will be firstly provided to the loads and then charge the battery. With the energy management function of the hybrid inverter, the self-consumption of the new system will be greatly improved.

User Manual 2 Product Description

## Retrofit the Existing PV Inverter(s) to the Hybrid Inverter On-grid Port



S007-G007

figure 2-5 Retrofit the Existing PV Inverter(s) to the Hybrid Inverter On-grid Port

The AC terminal of the PV inverter and the GRID terminal of the hybrid inverter are combined to the grid.

## Retrofit the Existing PV Inverter(s) to the Hybrid Inverter Off-grid Port

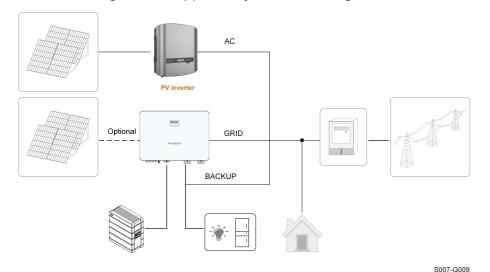


figure 2-6 Retrofit the Existing PV Inverter(s) to the Hybrid Inverter Off-grid Port

The off-grid port retrofits the existing PV system in order to maximize the use of PV energy by allowing the PV inverter to work even when off-grid.

The AC terminal of the PV inverter and the BACK-UP terminal of the hybrid inverter are combined to the backup loads.

The system can function normally if the rated power of the PV inverter ≤ the charge/discharge capability of the battery that is connected.

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In zero-export scenario, the hybrid inverter can only ensure no power exported to grid itself but does not ensure zero-export for the PV inverter. Please contact the PV inverter manufacturer for its zero-export solution.

• PV modules for hybrid inverter are optional.



## 3 Function Description

## 3.1 Safety Function

### 3.1.1 Protection

Several protective functions are integrated in the inverter, including short circuit protection, grounding insulation resistance surveillance, residual current protection, anti-islanding protection, DC overvoltage / over-current protection, etc.

### 3.1.2 Earth Fault Alarm

The device gives an alarm if there is a grounding fault. If the AC side is poorly grounded or not grounded, the buzzer rings, and the LED indicator turns red.

## 3.2 Energy Conversion and Management

The inverter converts the DC power from the PV array or the battery to the AC power, in conformity with the grid requirements. It also transmits the DC power from the PV panel to the battery.

With the bidirectional converter integrated inside, the inverter can charge or discharge the battery.

Multiple string MPP trackers are used to maximize the power from PV strings with different orientations, tilts, or module structures.

## 3.2.1 Power Derating

Power derating is a way to protect the inverter from overload or potential faults. In addition, the derating function can also be activated following the requirements of the utility grid. Situations requiring inverter power derating are:

- over-temperature (including ambient temperature and module temperature)
- · high input voltage
- grid under-voltage
- · grid over-voltage
- grid over-frequency
- power factor (when values out of the rated values)

3 Function Description User Manual

## 3.2.2 DRM ("AU"/"NZ")

The inverter provides a terminal block for connecting to a demand response enabling device (DRED). The DRED asserts demand response modes (DRMs). The inverter detects and initiates a response to all supported demand response commands within 2s.

The following table lists the DRMs supported by the inverter.

table 3-1 Demand Response Modes (DRMs)

Mode	Explanation
DRM0	The inverter is in the state of "Turn off".
DRM1	The import power from the grid is 0.
DRM2	The import power from the grid is no more than 50 % of the rated power.
DRM3	The import power from the grid is no more than 75 % of the rated power.
DRM4	The import power from the grid is 100 % of the rated power, but subject to
	the constraints from other active DRMs.
DRM5	The feed-in power to the grid is 0.
DRM6	The feed-in power to the grid is no more than 50 % of the rated power.
DRM7	The feed-in power to the grid is no more than 75 % of the rated power.
DRM8	The feed-in power to the grid is 100 % of the rated power, but subject to
	the constraints from other active DRMs.

The DRED may assert more than one DRM at a time. The following shows the priority order in response to multiple DRMs.

Multiple Modes	Priority Order
DRM1DRM4	DRM1 > DRM2 > DRM3 > DRM4
DRM5DRM8	DRM5 > DRM6 > DRM7 > DRM8



The SH8.0/10RS only supports DRM0.

## 3.2.3 Regular Operational Voltage Range

The inverters can operate within the allowable voltage range for at least the specified observation time. The setting of the conditions depends on whether the connection is due to a normal operational start-up or an automatic reconnection after disconnection from grid.

When the voltage level is out of the operational and protection levels, the inverter will disconnect within the specified time from the grid. If a disturbance lasts longer than the required protection time, the inverter can reconnect to the grid once the voltage level goes back to normal levels after the disturbance.

User Manual 3 Function Description

## 3.2.4 Regular Operational Frequency Range

The inverter can operate within its frequency range for at least the specified observation time. The setting of conditions depends on whether the connection is due to a normal operational start-up or an automatic reconnection after disconnection from grid.

When the frequency level is outside the operational and protection levels, the inverter will disconnect from the grid. If a disturbance lasts longer than the required protection time, the inverter can reconnect to the grid once the frequency level goes back to normal levels after the disturbance.

## 3.2.5 Reactive Power Regulation

The inverter is capable of operating in reactive power regulation modes for the purpose of providing support to the grid. The reactive power regulation mode can be set via the iSolar-Cloud App.

## 3.3 Battery Management

Li-ion battery from SUNGROW and BYD are compatible with the PV ESS, further battery models will be made compatible in the furture.

The currently supported battery brands and models are shown in the following table.

Brand	Model	Firmware Version
SUN-	SBR096/128/160/192	≥ SBRBCU-S_22011.01.05
GROW	SBH100/150/200/250	≥SBRBCU-S_22011.04.01



The table is continually updated. If the battery model is not in the table, consult SUNGROW if it is supported.

To maximize the battery life, the inverter will perform battery charge, discharge, and battery maintenance based on the battery status communicated by the BMS.

### NOTICE

The recommended parameters listed in this section may be updated or revised due to product development. Please refer to the manual supplied by the battery manufacturer for the latest information.

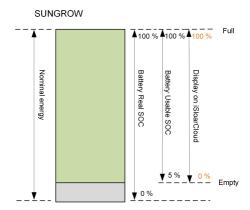
### **State Definition**

In order to avoid overcharging or deep discharging of the battery, three battery statuses according to different voltage ranges has been defined, as shown in the following table.

3 Function Description User Manual

table 3-2 Battery Status Definition

Type	Port Voltage / SOC		
Турс	Empty	Normal	Full
SUNGROW			
(SBR096/128/160/			
192)	222 5 24	5 %100 %	200 400 %
SUNGROW	SOC < 5 %	(by default)	SOC = 100 %
(SBH100/150/200/			
250)			



The SOC limits of Li-ion batteries can be modified via the iSolarCloud App by qualified personnel.

## NOTICE

If the battery has not been used or fully charged for a long time, it is recommended to fully charge the battery manually every 15 days to ensure battery life and performance.

## 3.3.1 Charge Management

## **Backup Charge Management**

The emergency charge management function is to protect the battery from the damage caused by long time excessive discharge. The inverter cannot respond to discharge command during emergency charge. The following tables describe the emergency charge conditions for different types of batteries.

User Manual 3 Function Description

table 3-3 Backup Charge Management for Li-ion Battery

Status	Conditions
	Either of the following conditions is met:
Triggor	• SOC ≤ (Min. SOC) – 3% (valid only when the Min. SOC is ≥ 3 %).
Trigger • A batte	A battery under-voltage warning is triggered.
	An emergency charge command is reported to the inverter.
	All the following conditions are met:
Finiah	• SOC ≥ (Min. SOC) – 1% (valid only when the Min. SOC is ≥ 3 %).
Finish	The battery under-voltage warning is cleared.
	The emergency charge command reported to the inverter is cleared.

table 3-4 Default SOC Conditions for Li-ion Battery Backup Charge

Туре	Trigger SOC	Finishing SOC
SUNGROW	SOC ≤ 2 %	SOC ≥ 4 %

#### **Normal Charge Management**

When the battery voltage is within the normal range, the inverter can charge the battery if the PV power is higher than the load power and can ensure that the battery is never overcharged.

The maximum allowable charge current is limited to the smaller value among the following:

- the maximum charge current of the inverter (50A);
- the maximum / recommended charge current from the battery manufacturer.

For this reason, the battery charge power may not reach the nominal power.



- If the PV voltage is higher than the upper limit value of MPP voltage (560 V), the battery cannot charge.
- The hybrid inverter will start to charge the battery when the export power value exceeds a pre-defined threshold value of 70 W.

## 3.3.2 Discharge Management

Discharge management can effectively protect the battery from deep discharging.

The maximum allowable discharge current is limited to the smaller value among the following:

- the maximum discharge current of the inverter (50A);
- the maximum / recommended discharge current from the battery manufacturer.

For this reason, the battery discharge power may not reach the nominal power.

3 Function Description User Manual



 If the PV voltage is higher than the upper limit value of MPP voltage (560 V), the battery cannot discharge.

 The hybrid system will start to discharge the battery when the import power value exceeds a threshold value of 70 W.

## 3.4 PID Zero

The PID Zero function is applicable for both PV and DC-coupled PV plus storage systems. It can suppress PID during the day and intelligently repair PV panels damage caused by PID at night, by relieving or alleviating PV array voltage bias to PV-.

The traditional inverter needs boost circuit to extend the efficient generation time during the day, and break the symmetry of the PV array to the ground voltage, making it closer to the negative electrode. In addition, if the traditional inverter runs at night, the PV array to ground voltage is always limited to the lowest voltage point of the system, which increases the risk of PID.

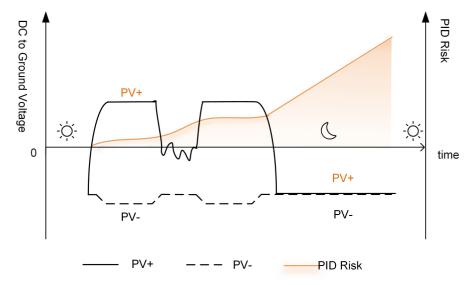


figure 3-1 PID Risk of Traditional Inverters

The following figure is the PID risk of the inverter equipped with PID Zero, it prevents the PV array voltage from approaching PV-, reduces the risk of PID during daily operation and repairs PV panels caused by PID at night. Details can be found in the *PID Zero White Paper*, which can be obtained on www.sungrowpower.com or from your distributor.

User Manual 3 Function Description

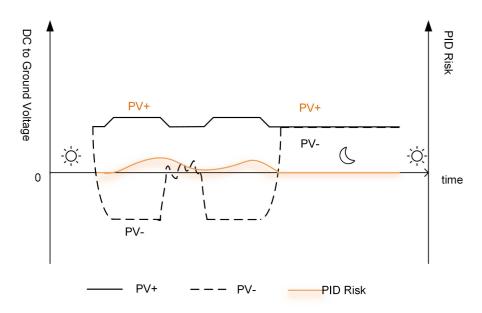


figure 3-2 PID Risk of Inverters Equipped with PID Zero

## **▲** DANGER

Keep the DC switch "ON" in the PID Zero process. During the process, there is voltage hazard between inverter / PV panels live conductors and ground. Do not touch any of them.

## 3.5 Communication and Configuration

The inverter possesses various ports for device and system monitoring, including RS485, Ethernet, WLAN, and CAN; various parameters can be configured for optimal operation. The inverter information is accessible through the iSolarCloud App.

## 3.6 Import Power Limit Function

Import power means the total power purchased from grid, which includes power to charge the battery from grid via inverter, power consumed by local loads and loads connected to inverter backup port from grid. Following local regulations, calculate the maximum system tolerable power based on the wire and circuit breaker that required by the selected model, and the value can be set as the **Import Power Limit.Import Power Limit** can be set on the iSolarCloud App.

## 4 Unpacking and Storage

## 4.1 Unpacking and Inspection

The product is thoroughly tested and strictly inspected before delivery. Nonetheless, damage may still occur during shipping. For this reason, please conduct a thorough inspection after receiving the product.

- · Check the packing case for any visible damage.
- · Check the scope of delivery for completeness according to the packing list.
- · Check the inner contents for damage after unpacking.

Contact SUNGROW or the transport company in case of any damage or incompleteness, and provide photos to facilitate services.

Do not dispose of the original packing case. It is recommended to store the device in the original packing case when the product is decommissioned.

## **NOTICE**

After receiving the product, check whether the appearance and structural parts of the device are damaged, and check whether the packing list is consistent with the actual ordered product. If there are problems with the above inspection items, do not install the device and contact your distributor first. If the problem persists, contact SUNGROW in time.

If any tool is used for unpacking, be careful not to damage the product.

User Manual 4 Unpacking and Storage

## 4.2 Scope of Delivery

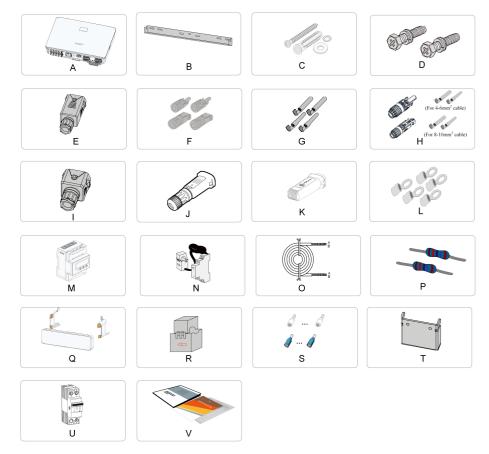


figure 4-1 Scope of delivery

Item	Name	Quantity
Α	Inverter	1
В	Wall-mounting bracket *	1
С	Expansion plug set	3
D	M4×16 screws set	4
E	Backup connector set&Grid	2
	connector	
F	PV connectors	4
G	Crimp contact	4
Н	Battery connectors *	1
I	COM connector set	1
J	WiNet-S2 module **	1
K	EyeM4 **	1
L	OT terminal *	10
М	Smart Energy Meter**	1
N	Single-phase Meter**	1
0	Meter RS485 cable	1

Item	Name	Quantity
Р	120Ω resistor	2
Q	Protective Cover	1
R	Current Transformer(CT)	2
S	Cord and terminals (for COM2) *	20
Т	Bottom Bracket	1
U	Manual changeover switch(63A)	1
V	Documents	1

<sup>\*</sup> The images shown here are for reference. The actual product and quantity are based on delivery.

## 4.3 Inverter Storage

Proper storage is required if the inverter is not installed immediately.

- Store the inverter in the original packing case with the desiccant inside.
- The storage temperature must be always between -30°C and +70°C, and the storage relative humidity must be always between 0 and 95 %, non-condensing.
- In case of stacking storage, the number of stacking layers should never exceed the limit marked on the outer side of the packing case.
- · The packing case should be upright.
- If the inverter needs to be transported again, pack it strictly before loading and transporting it.
- Do not store the inverter in places susceptible to direct sunlight, rain, and strong electric field.
- Do not place the inverter in places with items that may affect or damage the inverter.
- Store the inverter in a clean and dry place to prevent dust and water vapor from eroding.
- Do not store the inverter in places with corrosive substances or susceptible to rodents and insects.
- Carry out periodic inspections. Inspection shall be conducted at least once every six months. If any insect or rodent bites are found, replace the packaging materials in time.
- If the inverter has been stored for more than a year, inspection and testing by professionals are required before it can be put into operation.

#### NOTICE

Please store the inverter according to the storage requirements. Product damage caused by failure to meet the storage requirements is not covered by the warranty.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Types of equipment to be applied vary in different regions. Please consult local customer service for equipment type selection.

# 5 Mechanical Mounting

## **M** WARNING

Respect all local standards and requirements during mechanical installation.

# 5.1 Safety During Mounting

## **A** DANGER

Make sure there is no electrical connection before installation.

Before drilling, avoid the water and electricity wiring in the wall.

## **MARNING**

Poor installation environment will affect system performance!

- · Install the inverter in a well-ventilated place.
- Ensure that the heat dissipation system or vent is not blocked.
- Do not install the inverter in an environment with flammable and explosive objects or smoke.

## **A** CAUTION

Improper handling may cause personal injury!

- When moving the inverter, be aware of its weight and keep the balance to prevent it from tilting or falling.
- · Wear proper protective equipment before performing operations on the inverter.
- The bottom terminals and interfaces of the inverter cannot directly contact the ground or other supports. The inverter cannot be directly placed on the ground.

#### NOTICE

When installing devices, ensure that no device in the system causes it hard for the DC switch and the AC circuit breaker to act or hinders maintenance personnel from operating.

If drilling is required during installation:

- · Wear goggles and protective gloves when drilling holes.
- Make sure to avoid the water and electricity wiring in the wall before drilling.
- Protect the product from shavings and dust.

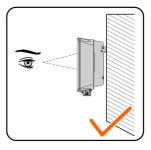
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## 5.2 Location Requirements

To a large extent, a proper installation location ensures safe operation, service life, and performance of the inverter.

- The inverter with protection rating IP65 can be installed both indoors and outdoors.
- The inverter should be installed at a height that allows easy viewing of the LED indicator panel, as well as easy electrical connection, operation and maintenance.

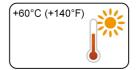


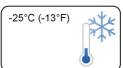


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## 5.2.1 Environment Requirements

- The installation environment must be free of inflammable or explosive materials.
- The location should not be accessible to children.
- The ambient temperature and relative humidity must meet the following requirements.







- Install the inverter in a sheltered area to avoid direct sunlight and bad weather (e.g. snow, rain, lightning, etc.). The inverter will derate in high temperature environments for protection. If the inverter is installed in direct sunlight, it may cause power reduction as the temperature rises.
- The inverter should be well ventilated. Ensure air circulation.
- It is strictly prohibited to install the inverter in environments with vibration and strong electromagnetic field. Strong-magnetic-field environments refer to places where magnetic field strength measures over 30A/m.

## 5.2.2 Carrier Requirements

The mounting structure where the inverter is installed must comply with local/national standards and guidelines. Ensure that the installation surface is solid enough to bear four times the weight of the inverter and is suitable for the dimensions of the inverter (e.g. cement walls, plasterboard walls, etc.).

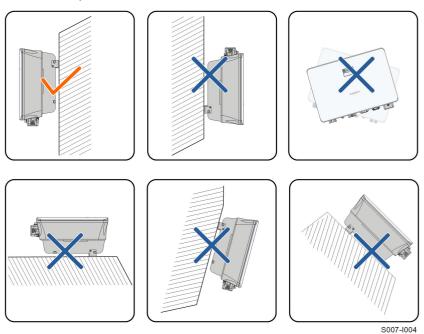
The structure should meet the following requirements:

User Manual 5 Mechanical Mounting



## 5.2.3 Angle Requirements

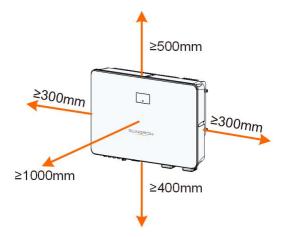
Install the inverter vertically. Never install the inverter horizontally, or at forward/backward tilted, side tilted, or upside down.



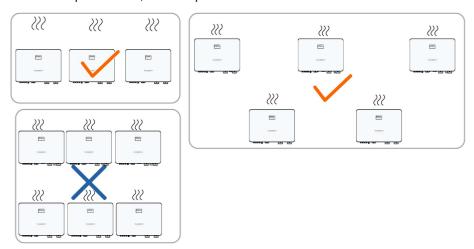
# 5.2.4 Clearance Requirements

Reserve enough clearance around the inverter to ensure sufficient space for heat dissipation.

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In case of multiple inverters, reserve specific clearance between the inverters.

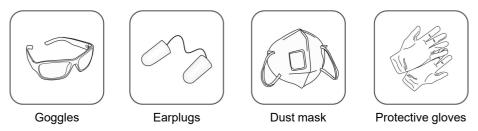


Install the inverter at an appropriate height for ease of viewing the screen and LED indicator and operating switch(es).

# 5.3 Installation Tools

Installation tools include but are not limited to the following recommended ones. If necessary, use other auxiliary tools on site.

table 5-1 Tool specification



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Wrench (33 mm, 35 mm)



Multimeter (≥ 600 Vdc)

## 5.4 Moving the Inverter

Before installation, remove the inverter from the packing case and move it to the installation site. Follow the instructions below as you move the inverter:

- · Always be aware of the weight of the inverter.
- Lift the inverter using the handles positioned on both sides of the inverter.
- Move the inverter by one or two people or by using a proper transport tool.
- Do not release the equipment unless it has been firmly secured.

#### **CAUTION**

Improper handling may cause personal injury!

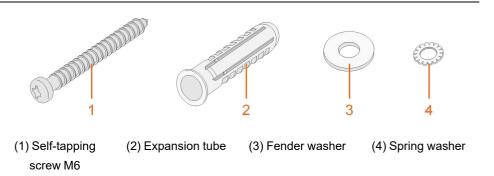
- Arrange an appropriate number of personnel to carry the inverter according to its weight, and installation personnel should wear protective equipment such as anti-impact shoes and gloves.
- Attention must be paid to the center of gravity of the inverter to avoid tilting during handling.
- Placing the inverter directly on a hard ground may cause damage to its metal enclosure. Protective materials such as sponge pad or foam cushion should be placed underneath the inverter.
- Move the inverter by holding the handles on it. Do not move the inverter by holding the terminals.

# 5.5 Installing the Inverter

Inverter is installed on the wall by means of wall-mounting bracket and the expansion plug sets.

The expansion plug set shown below is recommended for the installation.

User Manual 5 Mechanical Mounting

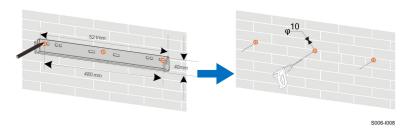


step 1 Place the wall-mounting bracket to a proper position on the wall. Mark the positions and drill the holes.

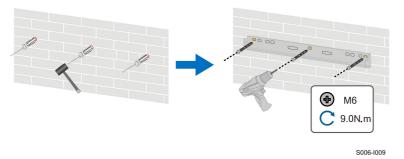
## NOTICE

Observe the level on the bracket and adjust until the bubble is in the middle position.

The depth of the holes should be about 70 mm.

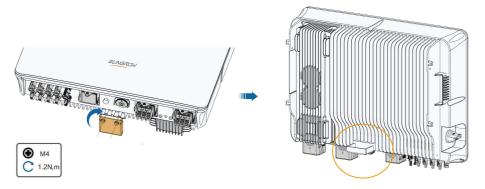


- \* The image shown here is for reference only. The actual product received may differ.
- step 2 Place the expansion tubes into the holes. Then secure the wall-mounting bracket to the wall firmly with the expansion bolt sets.

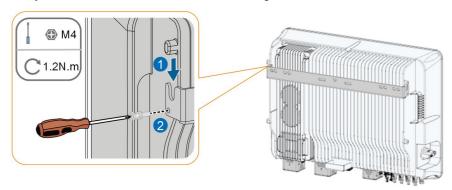


step 3 Install the bottom bracket to avoid the inverter tilting forward.

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step 4 Lift the inverter and slide it down along the wall-mounting bracket to make sure they match perfectly. Use two screw sets to lock both left and right sides.



- - End

# 6 Electrical Connection

## 6.1 Safety Instructions

#### **A** DANGER

The PV string will generate lethal high voltage when exposed to sunlight.

- Operators must wear proper personal protective equipment during electrical connections.
- Must ensure that cables are voltage-free with a measuring instrument before touching DC cables.
- · Respect all safety instructions listed in relevant documents about PV strings.

## **▲** DANGER

- Before electrical connections, please make sure that the inverter switch and all switches connected to the inverter are set to "OFF", otherwise electric shock may occur!
- Ensure that the inverter is undamaged and all cables are voltage free before performing electrical work.
- Do not close the AC circuit breaker until the electrical connection is completed.

## **⚠** WARNING

Do not damage the ground conductor. Do not operate the product in the absence of a properly installed ground conductor. Otherwise, it may cause personal injury or product damage.

Please use measuring devices with an appropriate range. Overvoltage can damage the measuring device and cause personal injury.

Damage to the product caused by incorrect wiring is not covered by the warranty.

- Electrical connection must be performed by professionals.
- Operators must wear proper personal protective equipment during electrical connections.
- All cables used in the PV generation system must be firmly attached, properly insulated, and adequately dimensioned. Cables used shall comply with the requirements of local laws and regulations.
- The factors that affect cable selection include rated current, cable type, routing mode, ambient temperature, and maximum expected line loss.

#### NOTICE

All electrical connections must comply with local and national/regional electrical standards.

- Cables used by the user shall comply with the requirements of local laws and regulations.
- Only with the permission of the national/regional grid department, the inverter can be connected to the grid.

#### NOTICE

- Install the external protective grounding cable first when performing electrical connection and remove the external protective grounding cable last when removing the inverter.
- Keep the AC output cable and the DC input cable close to each other during electrical connection.
- Comply with the safety instructions related to PV strings and the regulations related to the utility grid.

#### NOTICE

- After being crimped, the OT terminal must wrap the wires completely, and the wires must contact the OT terminal closely.
- When using a heat gun, protect the device from being scorched.
- Keep the PV+ cable and PV- cable close to each other when connecting DC input cables.
- Before connecting a power cable (such as the AC cable, the DC cable, etc.), confirm that the label and identifier on the power cable are correct.
- When laying out communication cables, separate them from power cables and keep them away from strong interference sources to prevent communication interruption.
- All vacant terminals must be covered with waterproof covers to prevent affecting the protection performance.
- Ensure that AC output cables are firmly connected. Failing to do so may cause inverter malfunction or damage to its AC connectors.
- When the wiring is completed, seal the gap at the cable inlet and outlet holes with fireproof/waterproof materials such as fireproof mud to prevent foreign matter or moisture from entering and affecting the long-term normal operation of the inverter.



The cable colors in figures in this manual are for reference only. Please select cables according to local cable standards.

# 6.2 Terminal Description

All electrical terminals are located at the bottom of the inverter.

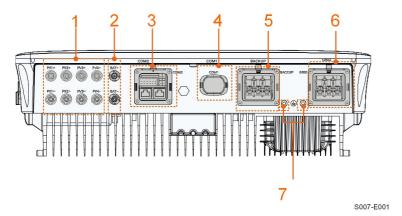


figure 6-1 Terminals

table 6-1 Terminal Description

			Decisive Volt-	
No.	Name	Description	age	
			Classification	
	PV1+, PV1-, PV2+,	MC4 terminals for PV input.		
1	PV2-, PV3+, PV3-,	The terminal number depends on in-	DVC-C	
	PV4+,PV4-	veter model.		
2	BAT+, BAT-	Connectors for the battery power	DVC-C	
	שאוי, שאוי	cables	DVC-C	
		Communication connection for RSD,		
3	COM2	BMS, RS485, DRM/DI, DO and	DVC-A	
		smart energy meter.		
		Communication accessory port to be		
4	COM1	connected to WiNet-S2/EyeM4 com-	DVC-A	
		munication module.		
5	BACKUP	AC terminal for Backup loads	DVC-C	
6	GRID	AC terminal to connect to the grid.	DVC-C	
7		Additional grounding terminal.	Not applicable	

<sup>\*</sup> The image shown here is for reference only. The actual product received may differ.

The pin definition of COM2 terminal is shown in the following label.

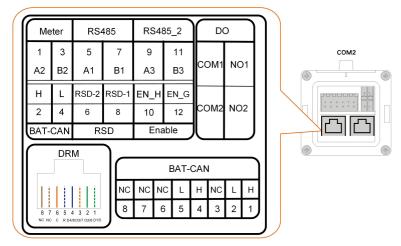


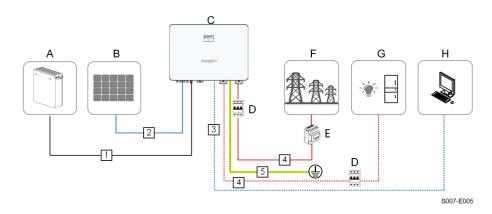
figure 6-2 Label of COM2 Terminal

table 6-2 Label Description of COM2 Terminal

Label		Description	
Meter	A2, B2	For Smart Energy Meter	
BAT-CAN	H, L	For Li-ion battery communication via CAN protocol.	
D0405	A1, B1	For inverter daisy chain (Reserved)	
RS485		For Li-ion battery communication via RS485 protocol.	
RSD	RSD-1,	Reserved (Detail availability contact SUNGROW)	
K9D	RSD-2		
RS485_2	A3, B3	For EV Charger communication via RS485 protocol.	
Enable	EN_H, EN_	Enable the battery with a voltage of 12V.	
	G		
	COM1,		
DO	COM2, NO1,	Reserved (Detail availability contact SUNGROW)	
-	NO2		
	D1/5, D2/6,	For external Demand Response Enabling Device ("AU"/	
DRM	D3/7, D4/8,	"NZ")	
	R, C	For Ripple Control Receiver	
BAT-CAN	H, L	For Li-ion battery communication via CAN protocol.	

## 6.3 Electrical Connection Overview

The electrical connection should be realized as follows:



(A) Battery

(B) PV string

(C) Inverter

- (D) AC circuit breaker
- (E) Smart energy meter
- (F) Grid

- (G) Backup loads
- (H) Monitoring device

table 6-3 Cable Requirements

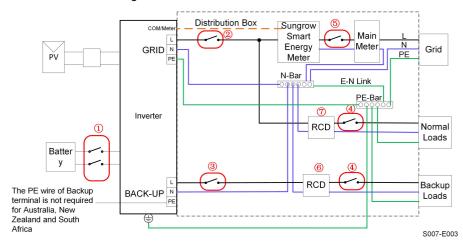
No.	Cable	Туре	Cable Diameter	Cross-section
	Battery power cable	Outdoor multi-core copper wire cable	6.4 – 8.5 mm	SBR064–256: 6 mm <sup>2</sup> (10AWG)
1		Complying with 1,000V standard		SBH100-250: 10 mm <sup>2</sup> (7AWG)
2	PV cable	Outdoor multi-core copper wire cable complying with 600 V and 16 A standard	6 – 9 mm	4 – 6 mm <sup>2</sup> (12 - 10AWG)
	Communica-	Shielded twisted pair	4.8 – 6 mm	0.5 – 1.0 mm <sup>2</sup> (20 - 17 AWG)
3	tion cable	CAT 5E outdoor shielded network cable	4.8 – 6 mm	0.08 – 0.2 mm <sup>2</sup> (28 - 24AWG)
4	Backup cable AC cable	Outdoor 3-core copper wire cable	21 – 25.8 mm	14 – 16 mm² (6 - 5AWG)
5	Additional Grounding cable	Outdoor single- core copper wire cable	The same as that of AC cable	f the PE wire in the

If local standard have other requirements for cables, set the cable specification according to the local standard.

# 6.4 Backup Wiring Diagram

#### For AU/NZ/SA

For Australia, New Zealand and South Africa, the neutral cable of GRID side and BACK-UP side must be connected together. Otherwise BACK-UP function will not work.



NO.	SH8.0/10RS	
1	63A/600V DC breaker *	
2	≤63A/230V/400V AC breaker	
3	63A/230V/400V AC breaker	
4	Depends on loads	
(5)	Depends on household loads and inverter capacity	
67	30mA RCD (Comply with local regulation)	

Note 1: \* If the battery is integrated with a readily accessible internal DC breaker, no additional DC breaker is required.

Note 2: The recommended values in the table are for reference only. The actual values must comply with local standard and actual conditions.

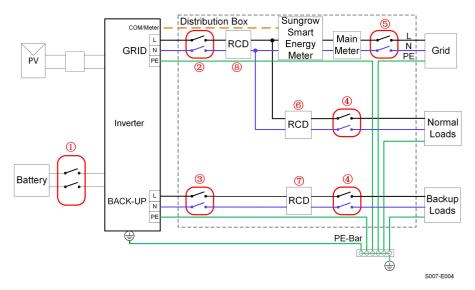
Note 3: The rated current of breaker ② is suggested to lower than that of breaker ⑤.

Note 4: If the rated current of on-site power cables are lower than those recommended above, the breakers specification should be considered to match the power cables in first priority.

Note 5: The AC port takes power from the grid and is set according to the grid circuit breaker.

#### For other countires

For other countires, the following diagram is an example for grid systems without special requirement on wiring connection.



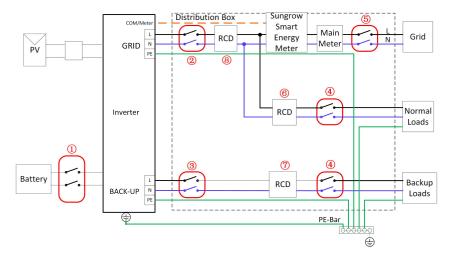
NO.	SH8.0/10RS
1	63A/600V DC breaker *
2	≤63A/230V/400V AC breaker
3	63A/230V/400V AC breaker
4	Depends on loads
<b>⑤</b>	Depends on household loads and inverter capacity (Optional)
67	30mA RCD (Recommended)
8	300mA RCD (Recommended)

Note 1: \* If the battery is integrated with a readily accessible internal DC breaker, no additional DC breaker is required.

- Note 2: The recommended values in the table are for reference only. The actual values must comply with local standard and actual conditions.
- Note 3: The rated current of breaker ② is suggested to lower than that of breaker ⑤.
- Note 4: If the rated current of on-site power cables are lower than those recommended above, the breakers specification should be considered to match the power cables in first priority.
- Note 5: The AC port takes power from the grid and is set according to the grid circuit breaker.

#### For TT system

In the TT system, the following diagram is an example for grid systems without special requirement on wiring connection.



S007-E005

NO.	SH8.0/10RS
1	63A/600V DC breaker *
2	≤63A/230V/400V AC breaker
3	63A/230V/400V AC breaker
4	Depends on loads
5	Depends on household loads and inverter capacity (Optional)
67	30mA RCD (Recommended)
8	300mA RCD (Recommended)

Note 1: \* If the battery is integrated with a readily accessible internal DC breaker, no additional DC breaker is required.

Note 2: The recommended values in the table are for reference only. The actual values must comply with local standard and actual conditions.

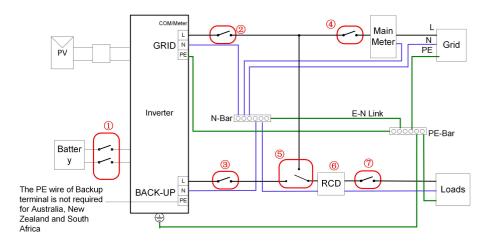
Note 3: The rated current of breaker ② is suggested to lower than that of breaker ⑤.

Note 4: If the rated current of on-site power cables are lower than those recommended above, the breakers specification should be considered to match the power cables in first priority.

Note 5: The AC port takes power from the grid and is set according to the grid circuit breaker.

## **Whole Home Backup**

For AU/NZ/SA:



NO.	SH8.0/10RS	
1	63A/600V DC breaker *	
2	≤63A/230V/400V AC breaker	
3	63A/230V/400V AC breaker	
4	Depends on household loads and inverter capacity	
⑤	63A/230V manual changeover switch	
6	30mA RCD (Recommended)	
7	Depends on loads	

Note 1: \* If the battery is integrated with a readily accessible internal DC breaker, no additional DC breaker is required.

Note 2: The recommended values in the table are for reference only. The actual values must comply with local standard and actual conditions.

# 6.5 External Protective Grounding Connection

## **⚠** DANGER

## Electric shock!

 Make sure that the grounding cable is connected reliably. Otherwise, it may cause electric shock.

## **MARNING**

Since the inverter is not equipped with a transformer, neither the negative electrode nor the positive electrode of the PV string can be grounded. Otherwise, the inverter will not operate normally.

- Connect the grounding terminal to the external protective grounding point before AC cable connection, PV string connection, and communication cable connection.
- The external protective grounding point provides a reliable ground connection.
   Do not use an improper grounding conductor for grounding, Otherwise, it may cause product damage or personal injury.
- Depending on Local Rules, please also ground the PV panel subconstruction to the same common grounding point (PE Bar) in addition to local lightning protection rules.

## **MARNING**

The external protective grounding terminal must meet at least one of the following requirements.

- The cross-sectional area of the grounding cable is not less than 10 mm<sup>2</sup> for copper wire or 16 mm<sup>2</sup> for aluminum wire. It is recommended that both the external protective grounding terminal and the AC side grounding terminal be reliably grounded.
- If the cross-sectional area of the grounding cable is less than 10 mm² for copper wire or 16 mm² for aluminum wire, ensure that both the external protective grounding terminal and the AC side grounding terminal are reliably grounded.

The grounding connection can be made by other means if they are in accordance with the local standards and regulations, and SUNGROW shall not be held liable for the possible consequences.

### 6.5.1 External Protective Grounding Requirements

All non-current carrying metal parts and device enclosures in the PV power system should be grounded, for example, brackets of PV modules and inverter enclosure.

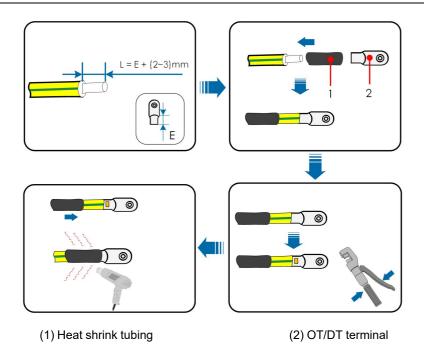
When there is only one inverter in the PV system, connect the external protective grounding cable to a nearby grounding point.

When there are multiple inverters in the PV system, connect the external protective grounding terminals of all inverters and the grounding points of the PV module brackets to ensure equipotential connections to ground cables (according to the onsite conditions).

## 6.5.2 Connection Procedure

External grounding cable and OT/DT terminal are prepared by customers.

step 1 Prepare the cable and OT/DT terminal.

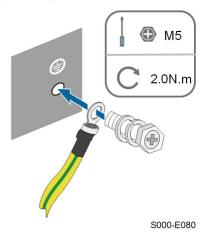


1

After being crimped, the OT terminal must wrap the wires completely, and the wires must contact the OT terminal closely.

When using a heat gun, protect the device from being scorched.

step 2 Remove the screw on the grounding terminal and fasten the cable with a screwdriver.



step 3 Apply paint to the grounding terminal to ensure corrosion resistance.

- - End

## 6.6 AC Cable Connection

## 6.6.1 AC Side Requirements



Only with the permission of the local grid department, the inverter can be connected to the grid.

Before connecting the inverter to the grid, ensure the grid voltage and frequency comply with requirements, for which, refer to **"Technical Date"**. Otherwise, contact the electric power company for help.

#### **AC Circuit Breaker**

An independent two-pole circuit breaker must be installed on the output side of the inverter to ensure safe disconnection from the grid. The recommended specifications are as follows.

Inverter Model	Recommended Specifica-	Recommended Specifica-
inverter Modei	tion (back-up)	tion (on-grid)
SH8.0/10RS	63 A	< 63 A

#### NOTICE

Testing to AS/NNZS 4777.2:2020 Section for multiple phase combinations has not been conducted.

#### **▲** WARNING

AC circuit breakers should be installed on the output side of the inverter and the grid side to ensure safe disconnection from the grid.

- Determine whether an AC circuit breaker with greater overcurrent capacity is required based on actual conditions.
- Do not connect any local load between the inverter and the AC circuit breaker.
- Multiple inverters cannot share one AC circuit breaker.

#### **Residual Current Monitoring Device**

With an integrated universal current-sensitive residual current monitoring unit included, the inverter will disconnect immediately from the mains power once a fault current with a value exceeding the limit is detected.

However if an external residual current device (RCD) (type A is recommended) is mandatory, the switch must be triggered at a residual current of 300 mA (recommended). RCD of other specifications can also be used according to local standard.

## 6.6.2 Connecting the AC Cable

step 1 Disconnect the AC circuit breaker and secure it against reconnection.

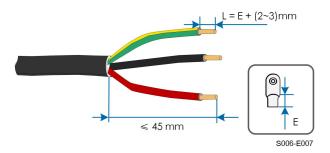
step 2 Unscrew the swivel nut and take out the sealing ring.



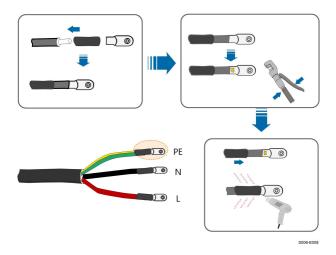
step 3 Thread the AC cable through the swivel nut, appropriate sealing and waterproof cover in sequence.



step 4 Strip the cable jacket and the wire insulation as shown in the following figure.



step 5 Crimp the OT/DT terminal.



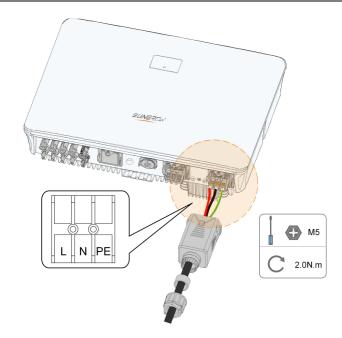
step 6 Remove the waterproof lid from the **GRID** terminal.



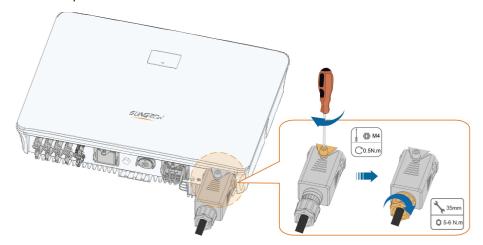
step 7 Fix all the wires to the terminals according to the assignment and tighten to a torque of 2.0 N•m with a screwdriver.

## **NOTICE**

Observe the terminal assignment. Do not connect any phase line to the "PE" terminal or PE wire to "N" terminal. Otherwise, unrecoverable damage to the inverter may follow.



step 8 Secure the AC waterproof cover to the inverter with a torque of 0.5 N•m and tighten the swivel nut to a torque of 5 N•m–6 N•m.



step 9 Connect the PE wire to ground and the phase lines and the "N" line to AC circuit breaker.

Then connect the AC circuit breaker to electric board.

step 10 Make sure all wires are firmly installed via the right torque tool or dragging the cables slightly.

- - End

## 6.7 DC Cable Connection

## **A** DANGER

The PV string will generate lethal high voltage when exposed to sunlight.

• Respect all safety instructions listed in relevant documents about PV strings.

#### **▲** WARNING

 Make sure the PV array is well insulated to ground before connecting it to the inverter.

- Make sure the maximum DC voltage and the maximum short circuit current of any string never exceed inverter permitted values specified in "Technical Data".
- Check the positive and negative polarity of the PV strings, and connect the PV connectors to corresponding terminals only after ensuring polarity correctness.
- During the installation and operation of the inverter, please ensure that the positive or negative electrodes of PV strings do not short-circuit to the ground. Otherwise, an AC or DC short-circuit may occur, resulting in equipment damage. The damage caused by this is not covered by the warranty.
- Electric arc or contactor over-temperature may occur if the DC connectors are not firmly in place, and the loss caused is not covered by the warranty.
- If the DC input cables are reversely connected or the positive and negative terminals of different MPPT are shorted to ground at the same time, while the DC switch is in the "ON" position, do not operate immediately. Otherwise, the inverter may be damaged. Please turn the DC switch to "OFF" and remove the DC connector to adjust the polarity of the strings when the string current is lower than 0.5 A.
- Use the DC connectors supplied with the product for DC cable connection. Using incompatible DC connectors may result in serious consequences, and the device damage is not covered under warranty.
- Inverters do not support full parallel connection of strings (Full parallel connection refers to a connection method in that strings are connected in parallel and then connected to the inverter separately).
- Do not connect one PV string to multiple inverters. Otherwise, the inverters may be damaged.

#### NOTICE

The following requirements about PV string connection must be met. Otherwise, it may cause irreversible damage to the inverter, which is not covered by the warranty.

- Mixed use of PV modules of different brands or models in one MPPT circuit, or PV modules of different orientation or inclination in a string may not damage inverter, but will cause system bad performance!
- The inverter enters standby state when the input voltage ranges between 560 V and 600 V. The inverter returns to running state once the voltage returns to the MPPT operating voltage range, namely, 40 V to 560 V.

## **NOTICE**

Note the following items when laying out cables on site:

• The axial tension on PV connectors must not exceed 80 N. Avoid axial cable stress on the connector for a long time during field wiring.

- Radial stress or torque must not be generated on PV connectors. It may cause the connector waterproof failure and reduce connector reliability.
- Leave at least 50 mm of slack to avoid the external force generated by the cable bending affecting the waterproof performance.
- Refer to the specifications provided by the cable manufacturer for the minimum cable bending radius. If the required bending radius is less than 50 mm, reserve a bending radius of 50 mm. If the required bending radius is greater than 50 mm, reserve the required minimum bending radius during wiring.

## 6.7.1 PV Input Configuration

- The inverters have four PV inputs, each with independent MPP tracker. Each DC input area can operate independently.
- The PV strings to four DC input areas may differ from each other, including PV module type, number of PV modules in each string, angle of tilt, and installation orientation.

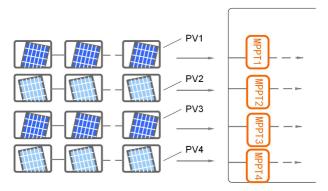


figure 6-3 PV Input Configuratioon

Prior to connecting the inverter to PV inputs, the following electrical specifications must be met simultaneously:

Inverter Model	Open-circuit Voltage Limit	Max. Current for Input Connector
SH8.0/10RS	600 V	20 A

## NOTICE

Take the SH10RS inverter for example:

1. Each MPPT works independently and when string operating voltage exceed 235V, it can get full load capacity of its MPPT.

- 2. When the string operating voltage is between 100V and 235V, there is no derating in normal case but higher heat could be generated under the situation of prolonged, high-temperature operation which may cause overheat derating.
- 3. When the string operating voltage is between 50V and 100V, PV input cerrent will be derated with the voltage drop. i.e. 16A@100V; 8A @64V;

## 6.7.2 Assembling the PV Connectors

### **A** DANGER

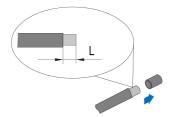
High voltage may be present in the inverter!

- Ensure all cables are voltage-free before performing electrical operations.
- Do not connect the DC switch and AC circuit breaker before finishing electrical connection.

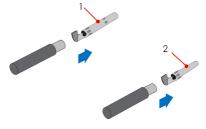


To ensure IP65 protection, use only the supplied connector.

step 1 Strip the insulation from each DC cable by 7 mm-8 mm.



step 2 Assemble the cable ends with the crimping pliers.



1: Positive crimp contact

2: Negative crimp contact

step 3 Lead the cable through cable gland, and insert the crimp contact into the insulator until it snaps into place. Gently pull the cable backward to ensure firm connection. Tighten the cable gland and the insulator (torque 2.5 N.m to 3 N.m).



step 4 Check for polarity correctness.

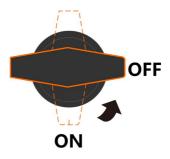
## NOTICE

If the PV polarity is reversed, the inverter will be in a fault or alarm state and will not operate normally.

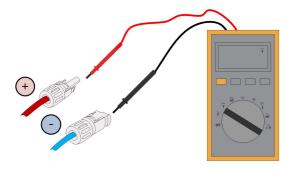
- - End

# 6.7.3 Installing PV Connector

step 1 Rotate the DC switch to "OFF" position.



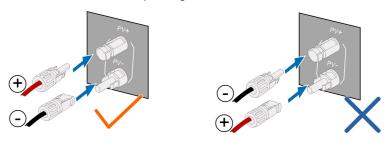
step 2 Check the cable connection of the PV string for polarity correctness and ensure that the open circuit voltage in any case does not exceed the inverter input limit of 600V.



## **NOTICE**

The multimeter must have a DC voltage range of at least 600 V. If the voltage is a negative value, the DC input polarity is incorrect. Please correct the DC input polarity. If the voltage is greater than 600 V, too many PV modules are configured to the same string. Please remove some PV modules.

step 3 Connect the PV connectors to corresponding terminals until there is an audible click.



- step 4 Follow the foregoing steps to connect PV connectors of other PV strings.
- step 5 Seal any unused PV terminal with a terminal cap.
  - - End

## 6.8 Emergency Load Connection (Backup)

#### NOTICE

Risk of inverter damage due to incorrect cable connection. Do not connect the grid power wires to BACKUP port.

Observe the plug assignment.

- Do not connect the L line to the "PE" terminal or the PE wire to the "N" terminal. Otherwise, unrecoverable damage to the inverter may follow.
- Do not connect the L line and the N line in reverse, otherwise the inverter may not operate normally.



Do not short-circuit the Backup port during operation. Otherwise, the inverter or power distribution system will be seriously damaged. The loss is not covered by the SUNGROW warranty.

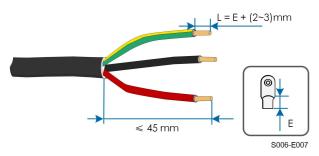
step 1 Unscrew the swivel nut and take out the sealing ring.



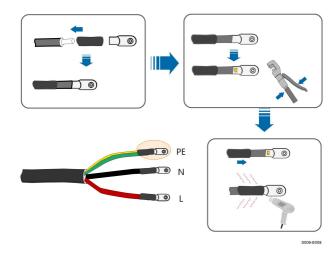
step 2 Thread the BACKUP cable through the swivel nut, appropriate sealing and waterproof cover in sequence.



step 3 Strip the cable jacket and the wire insulation as shown in the following figure.



step 4 Crimp the OT/DT terminal.



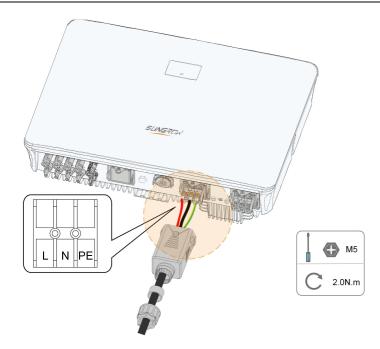
step 5 Remove the waterproof lid from the **BACKUP** terminal.



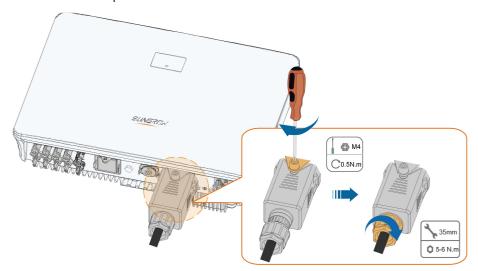
step 6 Fix all the wires to the terminals according to the assignment and tighten to a torque of 2.0 N•m with a screwdriver.

## **NOTICE**

Observe the terminal assignment. Do not connect any phase line to the "PE" terminal or PE wire to "N" terminal. Otherwise, unrecoverable damage to the inverter may follow.



step 7 Secure the BACKUP waterproof cover to the inverter with a torque of 0.5 N•m and tighten the swivel nut to a torque of 5 N•m–6 N•m.



step 8 Pull all the lines outward lightly to check whether they are firmly installed.

--End

# 6.9 Battery Connection

This section mainly describes the cable connections on the inverter side. Refer to the instructions supplied by the battery manufacturer for the connections on the battery side and configuration.

## **M** WARNING

Only use properly insulated tools to prevent accidental electric shock or short circuits. If insulated tools are not available, use electrical tape to cover the entire exposed metal surfaces of the available tools except their tips.

## **M** WARNING

The plug connector must be connected only by trained electricians.

## **M** WARNING

Do not disconnect under load!

Battery connectors must not be disconnected while under load. They can be placed in a no load state by shutting down the inverter completely.

### **M** WARNING

During the installation and operation of the inverter, please ensure that the positive or negative polarities of batteries do not short-circuit to the ground. Otherwise, an AC or DC short-circuit may occur, resulting in equipment damage. The damage caused by this is not covered by the warranty.

If the hybrid inverter is not connected to a battery, it will not support reliably the backup function.



The battery should be connected to the common grounding of the house (PE Bar) rather than directly to the inverter PE.

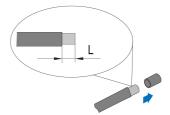
The energy in the battery will not backfeed into the PV modules.

## 6.9.1 Installing the Battery Connector

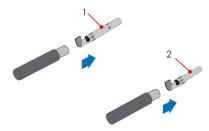
## **NOTICE**

- When making the connections, always observe the specifications regarding nominal voltage and nominal current. The smallest common value is permissible.
- Battery DC switch is in the "OFF" position.

step 1 Strip the insulation from each DC cable by 7–8 mm.



step 2 Assemble the cable ends with the crimping pliers.



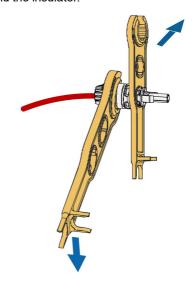
1: Positive crimp contact

2 : Negative crimp contact

step 3 Lead the cable through cable gland, and insert the crimp contact into the insulator until it snaps into place. Gently pull the cable backward to ensure firm connection.

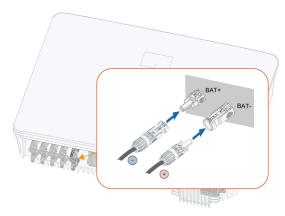


step 4 Tighten the cable gland and the insulator.



step 5 Check for polarity correctness.

step 6 Plug the connectors into BAT+ and BAT- terminals.



step 7 Ensure that the connectors are securely in place.



The installation distance between the battery and the inverter < 30m.

--End

## 6.10 Communication Connection

#### **WLAN** function

With the WiNet-S2 module installed, view corresponding information through iSolarCloud App or iSolarCloud Web.

#### **LAN** function

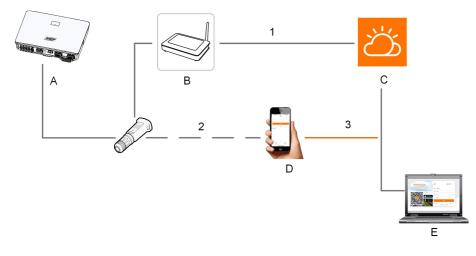
Through the Modbus TCP/IP protocol, the EMS or the Logger from the third party can fully control the on/off, derating, charging and discharging of the inverter.

#### **RS485** function

The RS485 communication interfaces are used to establish communication connection with monitoring devices.

## 6.10.1 WiNet-S2/EyeM4 Connection

The WiNet-S2 module supports Ethernet communication and WLAN communication. It is not recommended to use both communication methods at the same time.



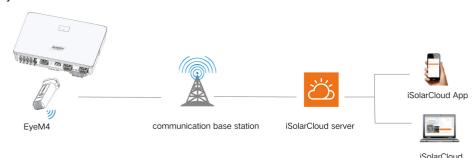
- (A) Inverter
- (B) Router/Switch
- (C) iSolarCloud server

- (D) iSolarCloud App
- (E) iSolarCloud
- (1) Internet
- (2) - Local access
- (3) Remote

For details, see the quick guide for the WiNet-S2 module. Scan the following QR code for the quick guide.



## EyeM4:

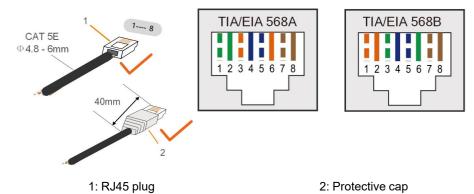


For details, see the quick guide for the EyeM4 module. Scan the following QR code for the quick guide.



## 6.10.1.1 Ethernet Communication

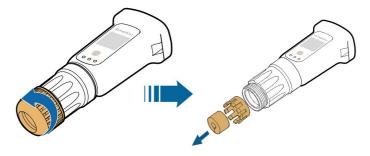
step 1 **(Optional)** Strip the insulation layer of the communication cable with an Ethernet wire stripper, and lead the corresponding signal cables out. Insert the stripped communication cable into the RJ45 plug in the correct order, and crimp it with a crimper.





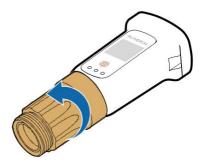
Skip this step if a standard network cable with RJ45 plug is prepared.

step 2 Unscrew the swivel nut from the communication module and take out the inner sealing ring.

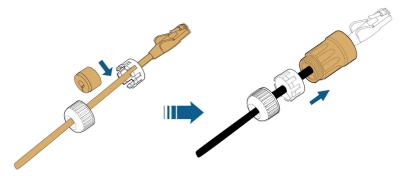


step 3 Unscrew the housing from the communication module.

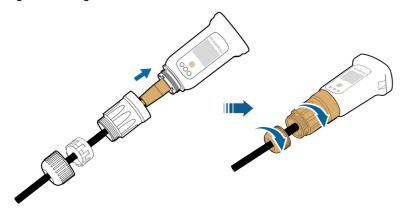
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step 4 Thread the network cable through the swivel nut and gasket. Afterwards, route the cable into the opening of the sealing. Finally, insert the cable through the housing.

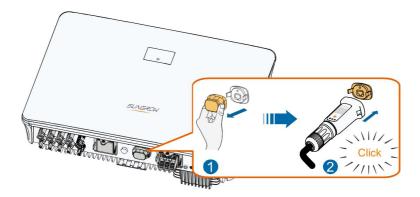


step 5 Insert the RJ45 plug into the front plug connector until there is an audible click and tighten the housing. Install the gasket and fasten the swivel nut.



step 6 Remove the waterproof lid from the **COM1** terminal and install WiNet-S2.

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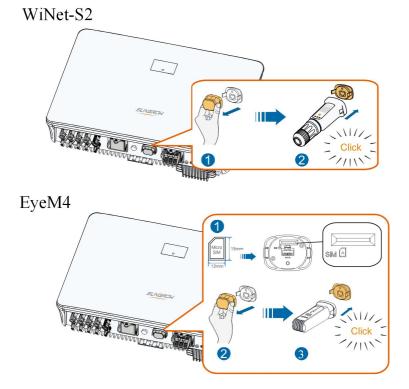


step 7 Slightly shake it by hand to determine whether it is installed firmly.

- - End

#### 6.10.1.2 WLAN Communication

- step 1 Remove the waterproof lid from the **COM1**terminal.
- step 2 Install the module. Slightly shake it by hand to determine whether it is installed firmly, as shown below.



step 3 Refer to the guide delivered with the module for the set-up.

- - End

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### 6.10.2 COM2 Terminal Connection

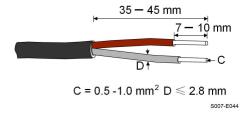
### 6.10.2.1 Meter Connection

The inverter can provide export control but will require the use of a external smart meter. The export control functionality has not been tested to AS/NZS 4777.2:2020.

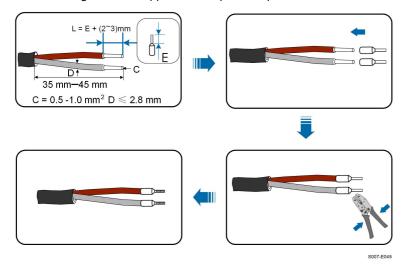


The energy meter is mainly used to detect the direction and magnitude of the current. And the energy meter data may not be used for billing purposes.

step 1 Remove the cable jacket and strip the wire insulation.

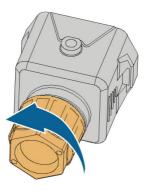


step 2 (Optional) When using a multi-strand wire cable, connect the wire head to the cord end terminal. In case of single-strand copper wire, skip this step.



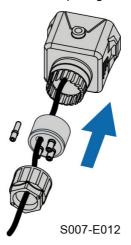
step 3 Unscrew the swivel nut from the connector.

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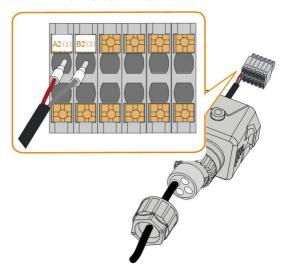


S006-E011

step 4 Remove the seal and route the cable into the opening of the sealing.

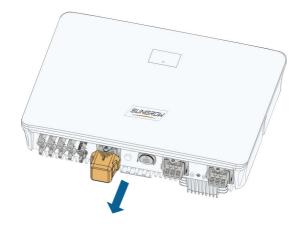


step 5 Plug the wires into the corresponding terminals as shown in the following figure. Ensure that the wires are securely in place by slightly pulling them.

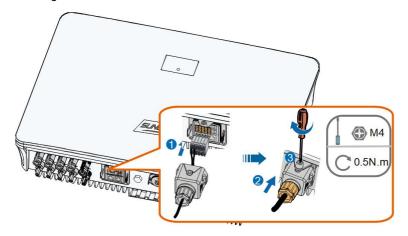


step 6 Remove the waterproof lid from the **COM2** terminal.

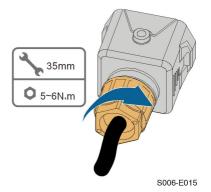
User Manual 6 Electrical Connection



step 7 Insert the terminal plug into the **COM2** terminal at the bottom side of the inverter and then install the housing.

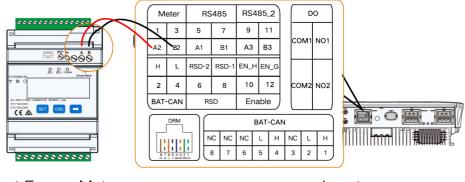


step 8 Slightly pull out the cable and then fasten the swivel nut. Lock the connector with the screw.



step 9 The other end of the communication cable is connected to the A and B ports of the smart meter. If the smart energy meter is used, please refer to the following wiring method.

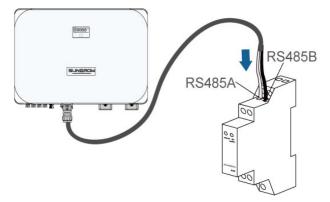
6 Electrical Connection User Manual



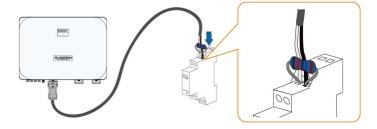
**Smart Energy Meter** 

Inverter

step 10 If the single-phase meter is used, please refer to the following wiring method.



step 11 (Optional)If the length of the communication cable > 10m, please connect a  $120\Omega$  resistor in parallel to the meter. Plug the resistor directly into both RS485 communication ports.



- - End

# 6.10.2.2 Battery Communication Connection

The battery communication method can be used in the following two ways. For detailed connection description, refer to the section "6.10.2.1 Meter Connection"

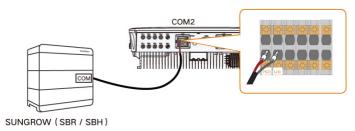
User Manual 6 Electrical Connection

#### Pin terminal connection



Battery Inverter

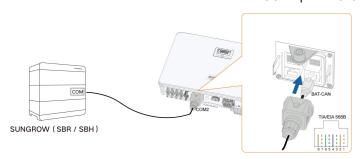
The battery communication cable is connected to the inverter COM2 ports H and L.



### **RJ45** connection



The battery communication cable is connected to the inverter COM2 ports RJ45–CAN.



### 6.10.2.3 DRM Connection

DRM and Ripple Control support only one function at the same time.

#### DRM

In Australia and New Zealand, the inverter supports the demand response modes as specified in the standard AS/NZS 4777.

The following figure shows the wiring between the inverter and the external DRED.

6 Electrical Connection User Manual

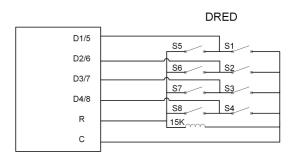


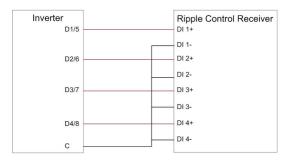
table 6-4 Method of Asserting DRM

Mode	Asserted by Shorting Terminals on Inverter	Switch Operation on External DRED
DRM0	R&C	Close S1 and S5
DRM1	D1/5 & C	Close S1
DRM2	D2/6 & C	Close S2
DRM3	D3/7 & C	Close S3
DRM4	D4/8 & C	Close S4
DRM5	D1/5 & R	Close S5
DRM6	D2/6 & R	Close S6
DRM7	D3/7 & R	Close S7
DRM8	D4/8 & R	Close S8

# **Ripple Control**

In Germany, the grid company uses the Ripple Control Receiver to convert the grid dispatching signal and send it as a dry contact signal.

Wiring of the ripple control receiver dry contact cables is shown in the figure below:



step 1 **(Optional)** Strip the insulation layer of the communication cable with an Ethernet wire stripper, and lead the corresponding signal cables out. Insert the stripped communication cable into the RJ45 plug in the correct order, and crimp it with a crimper.

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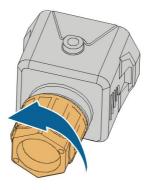
1: RJ45 plug

2 : Protective cap



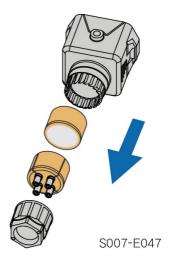
Skip this step if a standard network cable with RJ45 plug is prepared.

step 2 Unscrew the swivel nut from the connector.



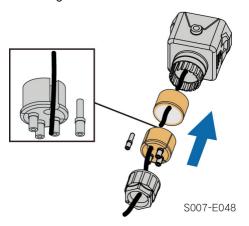
S006-E011

step 3 Remove the seal.

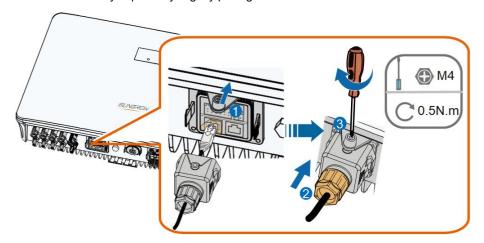


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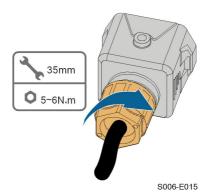
step 4 Lead the cable through the cable gland.



step 5 Plug the wires into the corresponding terminals as shown in the following figure. Ensure that the wires are securely in place by slightly pulling them.



step 6 Slightly pull out the cable and then fasten the swivel nut. Lock the connector with the screw.



--End

User Manual 6 Electrical Connection

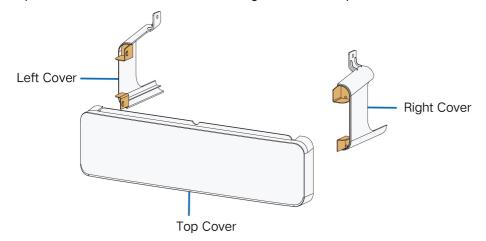
# **6.11 Protective Cover Installation (Optional)**

# NOTICE

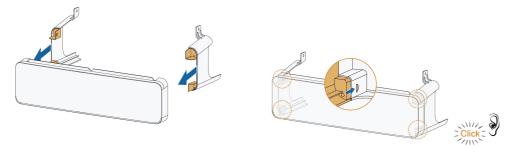
 Please install the protective cover after finishing all electrical connections of the inverter.

The installation procedure of the protective cover is as follows:

step 1 The protective cover consists of a left cover, a right cover and a top cover.



step 2 Slot the left cover and the right cover into the top cover until there is an audible "click".

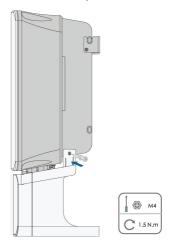


step 3 After the electrical connection of the inverter is completed, install the protective cover to the inverter bottom and make sure that the threaded holes in buckles of the protective cover are aligned with the holes on the sides of the inverter.

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step 4 Use a screwdriver to secure screws with a torque of 1.5 N.m.



step 5 The installation of the protective cover is completed.



--End

# 7 Commissioning

# 7.1 Inspection Before Commissioning

Check the following items before starting the inverter:

- · All equipment has been reliably installed.
- DC switch(es) and AC circuit breaker are in the "OFF" position.
- The ground cable is properly and reliably connected.
- The AC cable is properly and reliably connected.
- The DC cable is properly and reliably connected.
- The communication cable is properly and reliably connected.
- The vacant terminals are sealed.
- No foreign items, such as tools, are left on the top of the machine or in the junction box (if there is).
- The AC circuit breaker is selected in accordance with the requirements of this manual and local standards.
- All warning signs & labels are intact and legible.

# 7.2 Powering on the System

If all of the items mentioned above meet the requirements, proceed as follows to start up the inverter for the first time.

- step 1 Turn on the AC circuit breaker between the inverter and the grid.
- step 2 (Optional) Connect the external DC circuit breaker between the inverter and the battery pack if a battery is equipped.
- step 3 (Optional) Power on the battery pack manually if a battery is equipped.
- step 4 Rotate the DC switch of the inverter to "ON" position.
- step 5 If the irradiation and grid conditions meet requirements, the inverter will operate normally.

  Observe the LED indicator to ensure that the inverter operates normally. Refer to "2.4 LED Panel" for LED screen introduction and LED indicator definition.
- step 6 Refer to the quick guide for WiNet-S2/EyeM4 for its indicator definition.

- - End



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# 7.3 App Preparation

- step 1 Install the iSolarCloud App with latest version. Refer to "8.2 Installing App".
- step 2 Register an account. Refer to "8.3 Account Registration". If you have got the account and password from the distributor/installer or SUNGROW, skip this step.
- step 3 Download the firmware package to the mobile device in advance. Refer to "Firmware Upadate". This is to avoid download failure due to poor on-site network signal.
  - --End

### 7.4 Plant Creation

### Prerequisites:

- The account and password for logging in to iSolarCloud App have been obtained from the distributor/installer or SUNGROW.
- The communication device is normally connected to the inverter.
- System positioning is enabled and iSolarCloud App is allowed to access location information.
- step 1 Open the App, tap on the upper right corner of the interface, and select the correct access address.

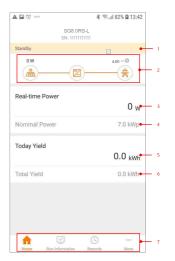


figure 7-1 Select Access Address

- step 2 Enter the account and password on the login interface, and tap **LOGIN** to log in.
- step 3 Tap  $\stackrel{\textstyle \bigoplus}{}$  in the upper right corner to enter the plant creation interface.

User Manual 7 Commissioning



step 4 Fill in the content according to actual needs, and the parameters containing \* are required.

Tap **Next** to enter the next interface.



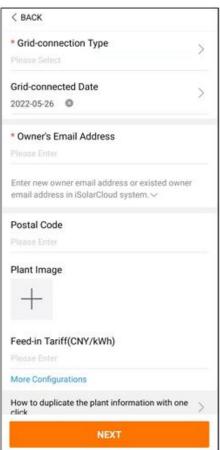


figure 7-2 Plant Creation Settings

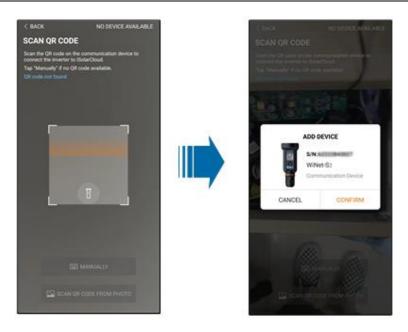
Parameter Name	Description
Plant name	The name of the plant.
Plant type	The type of the plant, which should be set corresponding to the actual plant type.
Installed power	The installed power of the plant.
Country/Region	The country/region where the plant is located.

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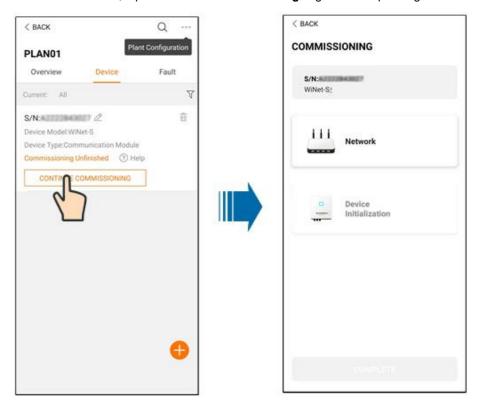
Parameter Name	Description	
Time zone	The time zone where the plant is located, which can be filled through automatic positioning and manual input.	
Plant address	<ul> <li>The location of the plant, which can be filled in two ways:</li> <li>Manually: Manually enter the plant location in the input box.</li> <li>Automatically: Tap to automatically obtain the current location or search for the location of the plant, and then tap <b>Confirm</b>.</li> </ul>	
Grid-connection type	The way the plant is connected to the grid, including 100% Feed-in, Self-Consumption, Zero Export, and Off-grid.	
Grid-connected date	The time when the plant is connected to the grid.	
Owner's email address	Fill in the owner information of the plant, and both registered and unregistered email addresses are supported.	
Postal code	The postal code of the place where the plant is located.	
Plant image	Take photos of the plant and upload them.	
Feed-in tariff	<ul> <li>The feed-in tariff can be set in two ways:</li> <li>Enter the feed-in tariff directly in the input box.</li> <li>Tap More Configurations, select the tariff unit, enter the feed-in tariff, and tap Confirm. Enable Time-of-Use Tariff if needed. Tap Add Time-of-Use Tariff, add time intervals and price, and tap Confirm. Please note that if Time-of-use Tariff is enabled, the time periods shall except 24 hours and except at example.</li> </ul>	
Consumption tariff	riods shall cover 24 hours a day, and can not overlap.  Set the consumption tariff as follows:  • Tap More Configurations, select the tariff unit, enter the consumption tariff, and tap Confirm. Enable Time-of-Use Tariff if needed, and refer to the setting methods of the feed-in tariff.	

step 5 Bind a device through scanning the QR code on the device, manually inputting the device S/N, or uploading a QR code picture. Tap **Confirm** after the QR code is identified or the S/N is verified.

User Manual 7 Commissioning

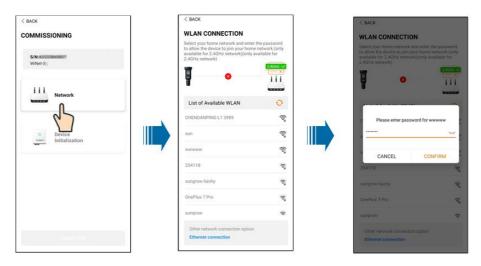


step 6 After a device is bound, tap **Device** and **Commissioning** to go to corresponding interface.



step 7 Tap **Network Configuration** to go to the **WLAN connection** interface. Tap the home network in the WLAN list, enter the password, and then tap **Confirm**.

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step 8 Enter the **Activate EasyConnect** interface, and press the multi-function button on the WiNet-S2to enable the Easyconnect mode according to the prompt on the screen. The App automatically enters a waiting processing interface if this mode is enabled, and automatically returns to the commissioning interface after the processing is completed.

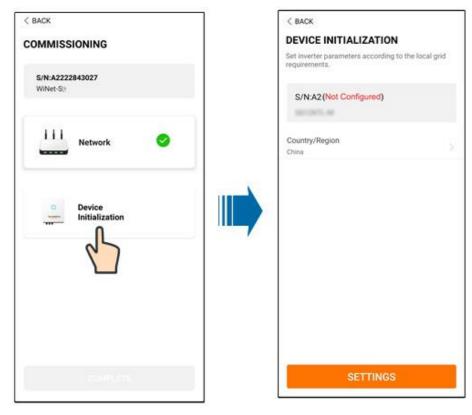


### **NOTICE**

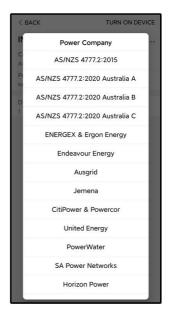
Only the 2.4 GHz working band is supported under the networking mode. If the Easyconnect fails, please refer to other methods in the WiNet-S2manual to establish the connection.

step 9 Tap **Device Initialization** to go to the **Device initialization** interface. Set the initialization protection parameters as needed and tap **Settings** to return to the commissioning interface.

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When the country is set to Australia, additionally set the applicable network service provider and then the grid type.



The image shown here is for reference only. Refer to the actual interface for the supported network service providers.

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table 7-1 Description of Network Service Provider and Grid Type

Network Service Provider	Grid Type
AS/NZS 4777.2:2015	1
AS/NZS 4777.2:2020	
Australia A	/
AS/NZS 4777.2:2020	
Australia B	1
AS/NZS 4777.2:2020	/
Australia C	1
ENERGEX & Ergon Energy	• STNW1170: single-phase < 10 kVA & three-phase < 30 kVA
	• STNW1174: 30 kVA < P <sub>n</sub> ≤ 1500 kVA
Jemena	• ≤ 10 kVA per phase (or 30 kVA per three phase)
	<ul> <li>ELE GU 0014: 30 kVA–200 kVA</li> </ul>
Endeavour Energy	MDI 0043
Ausgrid	NS194
CitiPower & Powercor	• ≤ 5 kVA for single-phase & 30 kVA for three-phase
	<ul> <li>&gt; 30 kVA three-phase</li> </ul>
United Energy	UE-ST-2008.1: ≤ 10 kVA for single- phase & 30 kVA for three-phase
	<ul> <li>UE-ST-2008.2: &gt; 30 kVA three-phase</li> </ul>
PowerWater	Embedded Generation Notice Photovoltaic Systems:2020
	• TS129-2019: < 10 kW for single-phase & 30 kW for three-phase
SA Power Networks	• TS130-2017: > 30 kW & ≤ 200 kW
	• TS131-2018: > 200 kW
Horizon Power	HPC-9DJ-13-0001-2019: ≤ 10kVA for single-phase & 30 kVA for three-phase
	• HPC-9DJ-13-0002-2019: > 30kVA & ≤1MVA
westernpower	EDM#33612889-2019
AusNet Services	Basic Micro Embedded Generation: 2020

<sup>\*</sup> For compliance with AS/NZS 4777.2:2020, please select from Australia A/B/C. Please contact your electricity grid operator for which region to use.

User Manual 7 Commissioning

Please check the country supported by this product at http:// support.sungrow-power.com/.



- Set **Country/Region** to the country/region where the inverter is installed. Otherwise, the inverter may report a fault.
- For the commissioning process country code must be selected before the inverter can operate.

step 10 After a plant is successfully created, return to the App home page to view the plant information.

- - End



# 8 iSolarCloud App

# 8.1 Brief Introduction

The iSolarCloud App can establish communication connection to the inverter via the WLAN, providing remote monitoring, data logging and near-end maintenance on the inverter. Users can also view inverter information and set parameters through the App.

To achieve direct login via WLAN, the wireless communication module developed and manufactured by SUNGROW is required. The iSolarCloud App can also establish communication connection to the inverter via Ethernet connection.



- This manual describes only how to achieve near-end maintenance via WLAN direct connection.
- Screenshots in this manual are based on the V2.1.6 App for Android system, and the actual interfaces may differ.

# 8.2 Installing App

#### Method 1

Download and install the App through the following application stores:

- MyApp (Android, mainland China users)
- Google Play (Android, users other than mainland China ones)
- · App Store (iOS)

#### Method 2

Scan the following QR code to download and install the App according to the prompt information.



The App icon appears on the home screen after installation.

User Manual 8 iSolarCloud App

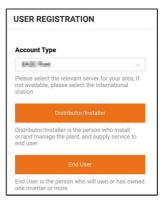


# 8.3 Account Registration

The account distinguishes two user groups, end user and distributor/installer.

- The end user can view plant information, create plants, set parameters, share plants, etc.
- The distributor/installer can help the end user to create plants, manage, install, or maintain plants, and manage users and organizations.

step 1 Tap **REGISTER** to enter the registration screen.



- step 2 Select the relevant server for your area.
- step 3 Select **End user** or **Distributor/Installer** to enter the corresponding screen.

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step 4 Fill in the registration information, including email, verification code, password and affirmance and country (region). The distributor/installer has the permission to fill in the company name and the code of upper level installer/distributor.



The code of upper level distributor/installer can be obtained from the upper level distributor/installer. Only when your organization belongs to the upper level distributor/installer organization, can you fill in the corresponding code.

step 5 Tick Accept privacy protocol and tap Register to finish the registration operation.

- - End

# 8.4 Login

### 8.4.1 Requirements

The following requirements should be met:

- The AC or DC side of the inverter is powered-on.
- The WLAN function of the mobile phone is enabled.
- The mobile phone is within the coverage of the wireless network produced by the communication module.

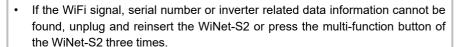
### 8.4.2 Login Procedure

step 1 For the **WiNet-S2** module, press the multi-function button 3 times to enable the WLAN hotspot. No password is required and the valid time is 30 minutes. User Manual 8 iSolarCloud App



figure 8-1 Enabling the WLAN Hotspot

- step 2 Connect the mobile phone to the WLAN network named as "SG-xxxxxxxxxxx" (xxxxxxxxxxx is the serial number indicated on the side of the communication module).
- step 3 Open the App to enter the login screen. Tap **Local Access** to enter the next screen.
- step 4 Tap **Confirm**, then enter the password and tap **LOGIN**.Or tap **MANUAL CONNECTION** at the bottom of the interface and select **WiNet-S2**, then enter the password and tap **LOGIN**.





 The default account is "user" and the initial password is "pw1111" which should be changed for the consideration of account security. Tap "More" at the lower right corner on home page and choose "Change Password".



figure 8-2 WLAN Local Access

step 5 If the inverter is not initialized, navigate to the quick setting screen to initialize the protection parameters. For details, please refer to **"Initial Settings"**.

#### NOTICE

The "Country/Region" must be set to the country where the inverter is installed at. Otherwise, the inverter may report errors.

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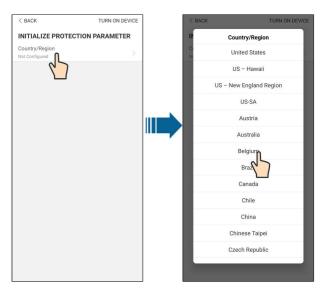


figure 8-3 WLAN Local Access

- step 6 After finishing the settings, tap **TUNR ON DEVICE** at the upper right corner and the device will be initialized. The App will send start instructions and the device will start and operate.
- step 7 After initialization settings, the App will return automatically to the home page.

--End

# 8.5 Initial Settings

#### 8.5.1 Feed-in Limitation

The function of the feed-in limitation is to control the amount of power injected in the grid by the plant. In some situations, this function is also called as **Export limitation** or **Zero export**. The feed-in limitation function requires the using of Smart Energy Meter. Without the Smart Energy Meter, the feed-in limitation function will be unavailable.

### NOTICE

In the Whole Home Backup scenario, meters are not required for the feed-in limitation function.

table 8-1 Description of feed-in limitation parameters

Parameter	Default value	Range
Feed-in Limitation	Off	On / Off
Feed-in Limitation Value	Rated power	0 ∼ Rated power
Feed-in Limitation Ratio	100.0%	0 ~ 100%
Rated Power of Original Power	Depends on inverter power of other companies	
Generation Systems		

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# 8.5.2 Backup Mode

The backup mode is off by default, the user can set an amount of **Reserved Battery SOC** for **Off-Grid**. It is the minimum battery level in the on-grid state and will be supplied to the Backup loads in case of grid blackout.

# 8.6 Function Overview

The App provides parameter viewing and setting functions, as shown in the following figure.

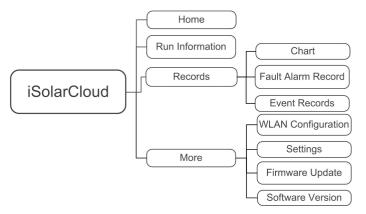


figure 8-4 App Function Tree Map

# **8.7** Home

Home page of the App is shown in the following figure.

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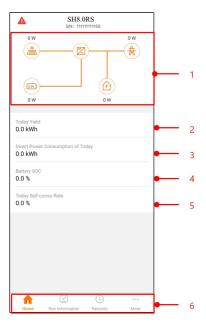


figure 8-5 Home

table 8-2 Home page description

No.	Name	Description	
		Shows the PV power generation power, feed-in	
4	l a a different als and	power, etc. The line with an arrow indicates energy	
1	Load flow chart	flow between connected devices, and the arrow	
		pointing indicates energy flow direction.	
2	Today yield	Shows today power generation of the inverter	
	Direct Power Con-	Shows electricity directly consumed by loads today  Indicates remaining battery capacity	
3	sumption of Today		
4	Battery SOC		
_	Today Self-consu	Indicates today self-consumption rate of the PV	
5	Rate	system	
6	Navigation bar	Includes menus of Home, Run Information, Re-	
	Navigation bar	cords, and More.	

If the inverter runs abnormally, the fault icon  $\triangle$  appears on the upper left corner of the screen. Users can tap the icon to view detailed fault information and corrective measures.

# 8.8 Run Information

Tap **Run Information** on the navigation bar to enter the corresponding screen, as shown in the following figure.

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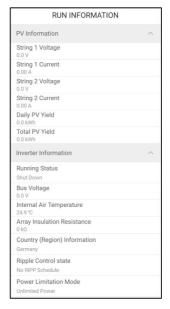


figure 8-6 Run Information

The run information includes the PV information, inverter information, input, output, grid information, load information, and battery information.

# 8.9 Records

Tap **Records** on the navigation bar to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.

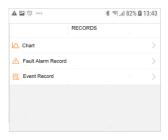


figure 8-7 Records

On **Records** screen, users can view chart and check fault alarm record.

### 8.9.1 Chart

Tap **Chart** to enter the screen showing daily power generation, as shown in the following figure.

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figure 8-8 Power Curve

The App displays power generation records in a variety of forms, including daily power generation graph, monthly power generation histogram, annual power generation histogram, and total power generation histogram.

table 8-3 Description of power generation records

Item	Description
Daily power generation	Indicates today power generation, charging, feed-in power,
graph	and direct consumption power
Monthly power generation	Indicates monthly power generation, charging, feed-in
histogram	power, and direct consumption power
Annual power generation	Indicates annual power generation, charging, feed-in power,
histogram	and direct consumption power
Total power generation	Indicates total power generation, charging, feed-in power,
histogram	and direct consumption power

### 8.9.2 Fault Alarm Record

Tap **Fault Alarm Record** to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.

User Manual 8 iSolarCloud App



figure 8-9 Fault Alarm Record



Click " to select a time segment and view corresponding records.

Select one of the records in the list and click the record, to view the detailed fault info as shown in following figure.



figure 8-10 Detailed fault alarm info

#### 8.9.3 Event Record

Tap **Event Record** to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.



figure 8-11 Event Record



Click to select a time segment and view corresponding records.

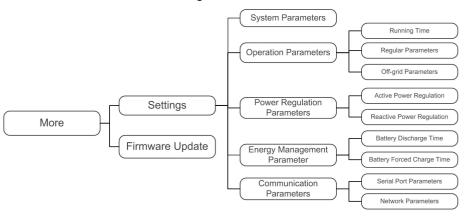
# 8.10 More

Tap **More** on the navigation bar to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.

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figure 8-12 More



The **More** screen supports the following operations:

- Set parameters including inverter system parameters and energy management parameter.
- · Upgrade inverter firmware of the communication module.

# 8.10.1 System Parameters

Tap **Settings**→**System Parameters** to enter the corresponding interface, as shown in the following figure.

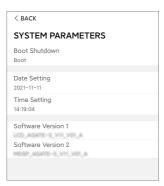


figure 8-13 System Parameters

<sup>\*</sup> The image shown here is for reference only.

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#### **Boot/Shutdown**

Tap **Boot/Shutdown** to send the boot/shutdown instruction to the inverter.

For Australia and New Zealand, when the DRM state is DRM0, the "Boot" option will be prohibited.

#### **Date Setting/Time Setting**

The correct system time is very important. Wrong system time will directly affect the data logging and power generation value. The clock is in 24-hour format.

#### **Software Version**

Version information of the current firmware.

### 8.10.2 Running Time

Tap **Settings→Operation Parameters→Running Time** to enter the corresponding screen, on which you can set **Connecting Time** and **Reconnecting Time**.



figure 8-14 Running Time

table 8-4 Description of running time parameters

Parameter	Explanation	Default	Range
Connecting	The time that the inverter takes to enter in-		_
•	to the running mode from the standby	60s	10s ~ 900s
Time	mode in fault-free state		
Reconnect-	The time that the inverter takes to recover		_
	from the fault state to normal state (the in-	60s	0s ~ 3600s
ing Time	verter is not running)		

### 8.10.3 Regular Parameters

Tap Settings→Operation Parameters→Regular Parameters to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.



figure 8-15 Regular Parameters

After connecting the load to the DO terminals, a relay control signal will be transmitted. Users can flexibly set the control mode of DO configuration according to individual demand.

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table 8-5 The control mode of DO configuration

Mode	Setting description
Off	-
<b>Grounding Detection</b>	See "8.10.11 Grounding Detection"

# 8.10.4 Off-grid Parameters

Tap Settings→Operation Parameters→Off-grid Parameters to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.



figure 8-16 Off-grid Parameters

Refer to the description in "8.5.2 Backup Mode" .

# 8.10.5 Active Power Regulation

Tap Settings→Power Regulation Parameters→Active Power Regulation to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.

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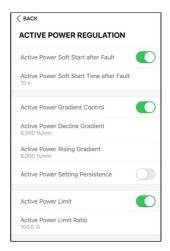


figure 8-17 Active Power Regulation

table 8-6 Description of active power regulation

Parameter	Description	Default	Range
Active Power Soft	Switch for activating/deactivating the		_
Start after Fault	function of active power soft start after	On	On/Off
Start after Fault	a fault occurs		
Active Power Soft	The soft start time required for raising		
Start Time after	active power from 0 to rated value	600s	1s ~ 1200s
Fault	after a fault occurs		
<b>Active Power Gra-</b>	Set whether to enable active power	On	On/Off
dient Control	gradient control	Oli	On/On
Active Power De-	Decline gradient of inverter active		_
cline Gradient	power per minute	- 39%/min	1%/min ~
Active Power Ris-	Rising gradient of inverter active	- 39%/111111	6000%/min
ing Gradient	power per minute		
Active Power Set-	Switch for activating/deactivating the		
71011101101101	function of active power setting	Off	On/Off
ting Persistence	persistence		
Active Power Limit	Switch for limiting active power	On	On/Off
Active Power Limit	The ratio of active power limit to rated	100.0%	0 - 1000/
Ratio	power in percentage	100.0%	0 ~ 100%

# 8.10.6 Reactive Power Regulation

Tap **Settings**→**Power Regulation Parameters**→**Reactive Power Regulation**to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.

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figure 8-18 Reactive Power Regulation

table 8-7 Description of reactive power regulation

Parameter	Description	Default	Range
Reactive Power	Switch for activating/deactivating the		_
Setting	function of reactive power setting	On	On / Off
Persistence	persistence		
Reactive Power			Off / PF /
	-	Off	Qt / Q(P) /
Regulation Mode			Q(U)

table 8-8 Descriptions of reactive power regulation mode:

Mode	Descriptions
Off	The PF is fixed at +1.000.
PF	The reactive power can be regulated by the parameter PF (Power Factor).
Qt	The reactive power can be regulated by the parameter Q-Var limits (in %).
Q(P)	The PF changes with the output power of the inverter.
Q(U)	The reactive power changes with the grid voltage.

### "Off" Mode

The reactive power regulation function is disabled. The PF is limited to +1.000.

# "PF" Mode

The power factor is fixed and reactive power setpoint is calculated according to the current power. The PF ranges from 0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging.

Leading: the inverter is sourcing reactive power to the grid.

Lagging: the inverter is injecting reactive power into the grid.

#### "Qt" Mode

In the Qt mode, system rated reactive power is fixed, and the system injects reactive power according to the delivered reactive power ratio. The **Reactive Power Ratio** is set through the App.

The setting range of the reactive power ratio is 0~100% or 0~-100%, corresponding to the ranges of inductive and capacitive reactive power regulation respectively.

## "Q(P)" Mode

The PF of the inverter output varies in response to the output power of the inverter.

table 8-9 "Q(P)" Mode Parameter Descriptions:

Parameter	Explanation	Range
Q(P) Curve	Select corresponding curve according to local regulations	A, B, C*
QP_P1	Output power at P1 on the Q(P) mode $0\% \sim 100\%$ curve (in percentage)	
QP_P2	Output power at P2 on the Q(P) mode curve (in percentage)	
QP_P3	Output power at P3 on the Q(P) mode curve (in percentage)	
QP_K1	Power factor at P1 on the Q(P) mode curve	
QP_K2	Power factor at P2 on the Q(P) mode curve	Curve A/C: 0.8 ~ 1 Curve B: - 0.6 ~ 0.6
QP_K3	Power factor at P3 on the Q(P) mode curve	
QP_ EnterVoltage	Voltage percentage for Q(P) function activation	100% ~ 110%
QP_ExitVoltage	Voltage percentage for Q(P) function deactivation	90% ~ 100%
QP_ExitPower	Power percentage for Q(P) function deactivation	1% ~ 100%
QP_EnableMode Unconditional activation/deactivation of Q (P) function		Yes / No

<sup>\*</sup> Curve C is reserved and consistent with Curve A currently.

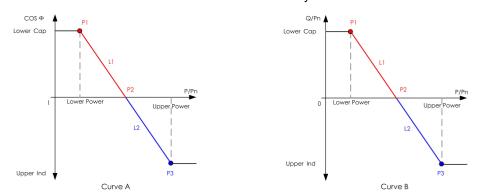


figure 8-19 Q(P) Curve

## "Q(U)" Mode

The reactive power output of the inverter will vary in response to the grid voltage.

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table 8-10 "Q(U)" Mode Parameter Descriptions:

cal regulations  Voltage hysteresis ratio on the Q(U) mode  0 ~ 5%
Hysteresis Ratio 0 ~ 5%
QU_V1 Grid voltage limit at P1 on the Q(U) mode 77% ~ 123%
curve
Value of Q/Sn at P1 on the Q(U) mode -60% ~ 0
curve
QU_V2 Grid voltage limit at P2 on the Q(U) mode 77% ~ 123%
curve
Value of Q/Sn at P2 on the Q(U) mode -60% ~ 60%
curve
QU_V3 Grid voltage limit at P3 on the Q(U) mode
curve
Value of Q/Sn at P3 on the Q(U) mode -60% ~ 60%
curve
QU_V4 Grid voltage limit at P4 on the Q(U) mode 77% ~ 123%
curve
Value of Q/Sn at P4 on the Q(U) mode 0 ~ 60%
curve
<b>QU_EnterPower</b> Active power for Q(U) function activation 20% ~ 100%
<b>QU_ExitPower</b> Active power for Q(U) function deactivation 1% ~ 20%
Unconditional activation/deactivation of Q Yes / No / Yes,
QU_EnableMode (U) function Limited by PF

<sup>\*</sup> Curve C is reserved and consistent with Curve A currently.



When selecting Q(U) curve model, select Q(U) model voltage in AU, and Q(U) model ratio in other regions.

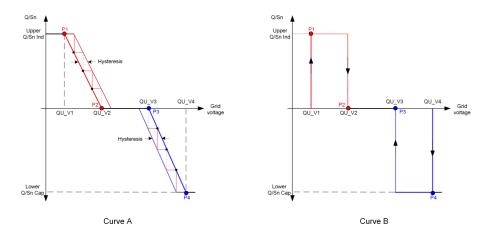


figure 8-20 Q(U) Curve

#### 8.10.7 Battery Discharge Time

Tap Settings→Energy Management Parameter→Battery Discharge Time to enter the corresponding screen, as shown in the following figure.

These are the times of day at which the battery is allowed to discharge to the house loads.

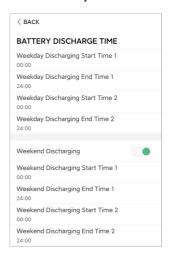


figure 8-21 Battery Discharge Time

#### 8.10.8 Battery Forced Charge Time

Tap Settings→Energy Management Parameter→Battery Forced Charge Time to enter the corresponding screen.

These are the times of day at which the inverter will start charging the battery with rated AC power.

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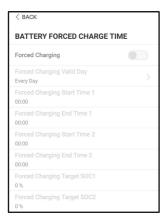


figure 8-22 Battery Forced Charge Time

When there is no PV power, the power imported from the grid charges the energy system during the time period until the target SOC is reached.

It is recommended to set the time period in off-peak tariff time. The time period 1 is in priority to the time period 2 if two periods overlap. The charging energy comes from the excess PV energy in priority and then from the grid. The inverter will take charging power from the grid in the case of PV energy shortage.

#### 8.10.9 Communication Parameters

Tap **Settings**→**Communication Parameters** to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.

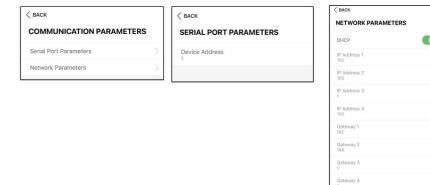


figure 8-23 Communication Parameters

Subnet Mask 1 255 Subnet Mask 2

- The device address ranges from 1 to 246.
- The IP adress, gateway, subnet mask, preferred DNS server and alternate DNS server can be modified only when the DHCP is set to Off.
- Acquire the IP adress, gateway, subnet mask, preferred DNS server and alternate DNS server from the network professional.

#### 8.10.10 Firmware Update

To avoid download failure due to poor on-site network signal, it is recommended to download the firmware package to the mobile device in advance.

- step 1 Enable the "Mobile data" of the mobile device.
- step 2 Open the App, enter the account and password on the login screen. Tap **Login** to enter the home screen.
- step 3 Tap **More**→**Firmware Download** to enter corresponding screen on which you can view the device list.
- step 4 Select the device model before downloading the firmware. Tap the device name in the device list to enter the firmware upgrade package detail interface, and tap behind the firmware upgrade package to download it.



- step 5 Return to the **Firmware Download** screen, tap  $\stackrel{\checkmark}{\_}$  in the upper right corner of the screen to view the downloaded firmware upgrade package.
- step 6 Login the App via local access mode. Refer to "8.4 Login".
- step 7 Tap More on the App home screen and then tap Firmware Update.
- step 8 Tap the upgrade package file, a prompt box will pop up asking you to upgrade the firmware with the file, tap **CONFIRM** to perform the firmware upgrade.



step 9 Wait for the file to be uploaded. When the upgrade is finished, the interface will inform you of the upgrade completion. Tap **Complete** to end the upgrade.



--End

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#### 8.10.11 Grounding Detection



Contact your distributor to obtain the advanced account and corresponding password before setting the earth detection parameters. If the distributor is unable to provide the required information, contact SUNGROW.

Unauthorized personnel are not allowed to log in with this account. Otherwise, SUNGROW shall not be held liable for any damages caused.

Tap More→Settings→Operation Parameters→Grounding Detection to enter the corresponding screen.



figure 8-24 Grounding Detection

If the grounding detection is enabled, the DO relay will switch on automatically to signal the external alarm if the value exceeds the grounding detection alarm value. The buzzer inside the inverter will beep.

The PV insulation resistance fault (fault sub-code 039) will trigger the DO relay to signal the external alarm.

#### 8.10.12 Frequency Shift Power Control

Tap More→Settings→Operation Parameters→Other Parameters to enter the corresponding screen.



Parameter	Default value	Range
Frequency Shift Power	OFF	ON / OFF
Control	OFF	ON / OFF
Frequency Shift Test	OFF	ON / OFF
Set Test Frequency	50.00 Hz	50.00 ~ 55.00 Hz

If PV inverters are connected on the AC side during battery-backup operation, the hybrid inverter must be able to limit their output power. This limitation becomes necessary when, for example, the hybrid inverter's battery is fully charged and the power available from the PV system exceeds the power requirement of the connected loads.

To prevent excess energy from overcharging the battery, the hybrid inverter automatically detects the problem and changes the frequency at the AC output. This frequency adjustment is analyzed by the PV inverter. As soon as the power frequency of the battery-backup grid

increases beyond the value specified in **Set Test Frequency**, the PV inverter limits its output power accordingly.

Before retrofitting the existing PV system to an off-grid port, the **Frequency Shift Power Control** parameter needs to be enabled. It must be ensured that the connected PV inverters limit their power at the AC output via the hybrid inverter due to changes in frequency. The frequency-dependent active power limitation PF must be set in the PV inverter.



When the battery SOC is greater than 85%, the Hybrid inverter will standby before starting when switching off-grid, and does not support seamless switching.

#### 8.10.13 Import Power Limit

Import power is the sum of the battery charging power and the load power of the Backup. Following local regulations, calculate the maximum system tolerable power based on the wire and circuit breaker that required by the selected model, and the value can be set as the **Import Power Limit**. The setup steps are shown below.

Tap More→Settings→Operation Parameters→Other Parameters to enter the corresponding screen.



## 9 System Decommissioning

## 9.1 Decommissioning the Inverter

#### 9.1.1 Disconnecting Inverter

#### **A** CAUTION

#### Danger of burns!

Even if the inverter is shut down, it may still be hot and cause burns. Wear protective gloves before operating the inverter after it cools down.

For maintenance or other service work, the inverter must be switched off.

Proceed as follows to disconnect the inverter from the AC and DC power sources. Lethal voltages or damage to the inverter will follow if otherwise.

- step 1 Disconnect the external AC circuit breaker and prevent it from inadvertent reconnection.
- step 2 Rotate the DC switch to the "OFF" position for disconnecting all of the PV string inputs.
- step 3 Wait about 10 minutes until the capacitors inside the inverter completely discharge.
- step 4 Ensure that the DC cable is current-free with a current clamp.
  - --End

#### 9.1.2 Dismantling the Inverter

#### **A** CAUTION

Risk of burn injuries and electric shock!

Do not touch any inner live parts until for at least 10 minutes after disconnecting the inverter from the utility grid and the PV input.



Before dismantling the inverter, disconnect both AC and DC connections.

- step 1 Refer to "6 Electrical Connection" for the inverter disconnection of all cables in reverse steps.
- step 2 Dismantle the inverter referring to "5 Mechanical Mounting" in reverse steps.
- step 3 If necessary, remove the wall-mounting bracket from the wall.
- step 4 If the inverter will be reinstalled in the future, please refer to "4.3 Inverter Storage" for a proper conservation.
  - --End

#### 9.1.3 Disposal of Inverter

Users take the responsibility for the disposal of the inverter.

#### **M** WARNING

Please scrap the inverter in accordance with relevant local regulations and standards to avoid property losses or casualties.

#### NOTICE

Some parts of the inverter may cause environmental pollution. Please dispose of them in accordance with the disposal regulations for electronic waste applicable at the installation site.

## 9.2 Decommissioning the Battery

Decommission the battery in the system after the inverter is decommissioned. Proceed as follows to decommission a Li-ion battery.

- step 1 Disconnect the DC circuit breaker between the battery and the inverter.
- step 2 Disconnect the communication cable between the battery and the inverter.
- step 3 Wait for about 1 minute and then use the multimeter to measure the port voltage of the battery.
- step 4 If the battery port voltage is zero, disconnect the power cables from the battery module.

#### - - End



For disposal of this product, please call the phone number listed in the warranty booklet provided at the time of purchase.

# 10 Troubleshooting and Maintenance

## 10.1 Troubleshooting

Once the inverter fails, the fault information can be displayed on the App interface. If the inverter is equipped with an LCD screen, the fault information can be viewed on it.

The fault codes and troubleshooting methods of all Hybrid inverters are detailed in the table below. The device you purchase may only contain some of the fault information, and when the inverter fails, you can check the corresponding information through the fault codes from the mobile App.

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Corrective Measures
2, 3, 14, 15		Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly:
	Grid Overvoltage	Measure the actual grid voltage, and contact the local electric power company for solutions if the grid voltage is higher than the set value.
		2. Check whether the protection parameters are appropriately set via the App or the LCD. Modify the overvoltage protection values with the consent of the local electric power operator.
		3. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
4, 5		Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly:
	Grid Undervoltage	Measure the actual grid voltage, and contact the lo- cal electric power company for solutions if the grid voltage is lower than the set value.
		2. Check whether the protection parameters are appropriately set via the App or the LCD.
		3. Check whether the AC cable is firmly in place.
		4. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Corrective Measures
_	Grid	Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid
8	Overfrequency	after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs
		repeatedly:
		1. Measure the actual grid frequency, and contact the
	Grid	local electric power company for solutions if the grid
9	Underfrequency	frequency is beyond the set range.
	G	2. Check whether the protection parameters are ap-
		propriately set via the App or the LCD.
		3. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid
		after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs
		repeatedly:
		Check whether the grid supplies power reliably.
10	Grid Power Outage	2. Check whether the AC cable is firmly in place.
. •		3. Check whether the AC cable is connected to the
		correct terminal (whether the live wire and the N wire
		are correctly in place).
		4. Check whether the AC circuit breaker is connected.
		5. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		The fault can be caused by poor sunlight or damp
		environment, and generally the inverter will be recon-
12	Excess Leakage	nected to the grid after the environment is improved.
	Current	2. If the environment is normal, check whether the AC
		and DC cables are well insulated.
		3. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
13		Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid
		after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly:
	Grid Abnormal	•
		Measure the actual grid, and contact the local electric power company for solutions if the grid parameter
		exceeds the set range.
		If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		2. II the lault still exists, collidet solverovy.



Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Corrective Measures
17	Grid Voltage Imbalance	Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly:
		Measure the actual grid voltage. If grid phase voltages differ greatly, contact the electric power company for solutions.
		2. If the voltage difference between phases is within the permissible range of the local power company, modify the grid voltage imbalance parameter through the App or the LCD.
		3. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
28, 29, 208,	PV Reverse Connection Fault	<ol> <li>Check whether the corresponding string is of reverse polarity. If so, disconnect the DC switch and adjust the polarity when the string current drops below</li> <li>A.</li> </ol>
212, 448-		2. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
479		*The code 28 to code 29 are corresponding to PV1 to PV2 respectively.
		*The code 448 to code 479 are corresponding to string 1 to string 32 respectively.
532-547, 564-579		1. Check whether the corresponding string is of reverse polarity. If so, disconnect the DC switch and adjust the polarity when the string current drops below 0.5 A.
	PV Reverse Con-	
	nection Alarm	2. If the alarm still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		*The code 532 to code 547 are corresponding to string 1 to string 16 respectively.
		*The code 564 to code 579 are corresponding to string 17 to string 32 respectively.

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Corrective Measures
		Check whether the voltage and current of the inverter is abnormal to determine the cause of the alarm.
		Check whether the corresponding module is sheltered. If so, remove the shelter and ensure module cleanness.
548-563,	PV Abnormal	2. Check whether the battery board wiring is loose, if so, make it reliably connected.
580-595	Alarm	3. Check if the DC fuse is damaged. If so, replace the fuse.
		4. If the alarm still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		*The code 548 to code 563 are corresponding to string 1 to string 16 respectively.
		*The code 580 to code 595 are corresponding to string 17 to string 32 respectively.
	Excessively High Ambient Temperature	Generally, the inverter will resume operation when the internal or module temperature returns to normal. If the fault persists:
		Check whether the ambient temperature of the inverter is too high;
37		2. Check whether the inverter is in a well-ventilated place;
		3. Check whether the inverter is exposed to direct sunlight. Shield it if so;
		4. Check whether the fan is running properly. Replace
		the fan if not;
		5. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
43	Excessively Low	Stop and disconnect the inverter. Restart the inverter
	Ambient	when the ambient temperature rises within the opera-
	Temperature	tion temperature range.



Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Corrective Measures
		Wait for the inverter to return to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly:
		1. Check whether the ISO resistance protection value is excessively high via the app or the LCD, and ensure that it complies with the local regulations.
39	Low System Insu-	2. Check the resistance to ground of the string and DC cable. Take corrective measures in case of short circuit or damaged insulation layer.
	lation Resistance	3. If the cable is normal and the fault occurs on rainy days, check it again when the weather turns fine.
		4. If there are batteries, check whether battery cables are damaged and whether terminals are loose or in poor contact. If so, replace the damaged cable and secure terminals to ensure a reliable connection.
		5. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		1. Check whether the AC cable is correctly connected.
106	Grounding Cable Fault	2. Check whether the insulation between the ground cable and the live wire is normal.
		3. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
88	Electric Arc Fault	1. Disconnect the DC power supply, and check whether any DC cable is damaged, the connection terminal or fuse is loose or there is a weak contact. If so, replace the damaged cable, fasten the terminal or fuse, and replace the burnt component.
		<ol> <li>After performing step 1, reconnect the DC power supply, and clear the electric arc fault via the App or the LCD, after that the inverter will return to normal.</li> <li>If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.</li> </ol>
51	Off-Grid Load OverPower Fault	Reduce the load power at the off-grid port or cut off some loads.
	OverPower Fault	2. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
84	Reverse Connection Alarm of the Meter/CT	<ol> <li>Check if the meter is wrongly connected.</li> <li>Check if the input and output wiring of the meter is reversed.</li> </ol>
		3. If the existing system is enabled, please check if the rated power setting of the existing inverter is correct.

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Corrective Measures
		Check whether the communication cable and the
	Meter Communi-	terminals are abnormal. If so, correct them to ensure
514	cation Abnormal	reliable connection.
	Alarm	2. Reconnect the communication cable of the meter.
		3. If the alarm still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		1. Check whether the output port is connected to ac-
323	Grid Confrontation	tual grid. Disconnect it from the grid if so.
	Confrontation	2. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		1. Check whether the communication cable and the
	Inverter Parallel	terminals are abnormal. If so, correct them to ensure
75	Communication	reliable connection.
	Alarm	2. Reconnect the communication cable of the meter.
		3. If the alarm still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		1. Check whether the communication cable and the
	BMS Communication Fault	terminals are abnormal. If so, correct them to ensure
714		reliable connection.
		2. Reconnect the communication cable of the meter.
		3. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		1. Check whether the battery is reversely connected
716	Abnormal Battery Connection	or not connected. If so, correct the battery power ca-
716		ble connection.
		2. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		Generally, the battery can automatically recover. In
932–935, 937, 939– 943, 964, 840		case the alarm persist for a long time:
		1. If the alarm is caused by ambient temperature,
	Battery Alarm	such as over temperature alarm or low temperature
		alarm, take measures to change the ambient temper-
		ature, such as improving heat dissipation conditions.
		2. If the fault persists, contact battery manufacturer.



Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Corrective Measures
703, 707, 708, 711, 712, 715, 717, 732– 737, 739– 747, 832– 837, 839, 841, 844, 864, 866– 868, 870, 1000, 1001	Battery Fault	<ol> <li>In case of abnormal battery voltage, check whether the battery power cable connection is abnormal (reverse connection, loose, etc.). If so, correct it to ensure reliable connection.</li> <li>Check whether the battery real-time voltage is abnormal if the battery power cable is correctly connected. If so, contact the battery manufacturer. If not, contact SUNGROW.</li> <li>In case of abnormal battery temperature, take measures to change the ambient temperature, such as improving heat dissipation conditions.</li> <li>If the fault persists, contact battery manufacturer.</li> </ol>
7, 11, 16, 19–25, 30– 34, 36, 38, 40–42, 44– 50, 52–58, 60–69, 85, 87, 92, 93, 100–105, 107–114, 116–124, 200–211, 248–255, 300–322, 324–328, 401–412, 600–603, 605, 608, 612, 616, 620, 622– 624, 800, 802, 804, 807, 1096– 1122	System Fault	<ol> <li>Wait for the inverter to return to normal.</li> <li>Disconnect the AC and DC switches, and disconnect the battery side switches if there are batteries.</li> <li>Close the AC and DC switches in turn 15 minutes later and restart the system.</li> <li>If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.</li> </ol>



Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Corrective Measures
59, 70–74, 76–83, 89, 216–218, 220–233, 432–434, 500–513, 515–518, 635–638, 900, 901, 910, 911, 996	System Alarm	<ol> <li>The inverter can continue running.</li> <li>Check whether the related wiring and terminal are abnormal, check whether there are any foreign materials or other environmental abnormalities, and take corresponding corrective measures when necessary.</li> <li>If the alarm persists, please contact SUNGROW.</li> </ol>
264-283	MPPT Reverse Connection	1. Check whether the corresponding string is of reverse polarity. If so, disconnect the DC switch and adjust the polarity when the string current drops below 0.5 A.  2. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.  *The code 264 to code 279 are corresponding to string 1 to string 20 respectively.
332-363	Boost Capacitor Overvoltage Alarm	<ol> <li>The inverter can continue running.</li> <li>Check whether the related wiring and terminals are abnormal, check whether there are any foreign materials or other environmental abnormalities, and take corresponding corrective measures when necessary.</li> <li>If the alarm persists, please contact SUNGROW.</li> </ol>
364-395	Boost Capacitor Overvoltage Fault	Disconnect the AC and DC switches, and disconnect the battery side switches if there are batteries.     Close the AC and DC switches in turn 15 minutes later and restart the system.      If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.



Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Corrective Measures
		1. Check whether the number of PV modules of the
		corresponding string is less than other strings. If so,
		disconnect the DC switch and adjust the PV module
		configuration when the string current drops below 0.5
		A.
1548-1579	String Current	2. Check whether the PV module is shaded.
10-10-107-0	Reflux	3. Disconnect the DC switch to check whether the
		open circuit voltage is normal when the string current
		drops below 0.5 A. If so, check the wiring and config-
		uration of the PV module.
		4. Check whether the orientation of the PV module is
		abnormal.
	PV Grounding Fault	1. When the fault occurs, it is forbidden to directly dis-
		connect the DC switch and unplug PV terminals when
1600 - 1615,		the direct current is greater than 0.5 A;
		2. Wait until the direct current of the inverter falls be-
		low 0.5 A, then disconnect the DC switch and unplug
1632 - 1655		the faulty strings;
		3. Do not reinsert the faulty strings before the ground-
		ing fault is cleared;
		4. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons
		and still exists, contact Sungrow Customer Service.
1616		1. It is prohibited to disconnect the DC switch when
		the DC current is greater than 0.5 A when the fault
	System Hardware	occurs.
	Fault	2. Disconnect the DC switch only when the inverter
		DC side current drops below 0.5 A.
		3. It is prohibited to power up the inverter again.
		Please contact Sungrow Customer Service.



If the communication cable between the hybrid inverter and the battery is not connected correctly during the first installation, the battery may not work properly or the parameter information of the battery may not be displayed on the inverter.

Please check the communication cable to ensure a correct connection.

#### 10.2 Maintenance

#### 10.2.1 Maintenance Notices

The DC switch can be secured with a lock in the OFF position or a certain angle beyond the OFF position.(For countries "AU" and "NZ")

#### **↑** DANGER

Risk of inverter damage or personal injury due to incorrect service!

- Be sure to use special insulation tools when perform high-voltage operations.
- Before any service work, first disconnect the grid-side AC circuit breaker and check the inverter status. If the inverter indicator is off, please wait until night to disconnect the DC switch. If the inverter indicator is on, directly disconnect the DC switch.
- After the inverter is powered off for 10 minutes, measure the voltage and current with professional instrument. Only when there is no voltage nor current can operators who wear protective equipment operate and maintain the inverter
- Even if the inverter is shut down, it may still be hot and cause burns. Wear protective gloves before operating the inverter after it cools down.
- When maintaining the product, it is strictly prohibited to open the product if
  there is an odor or smoke or if the product appearance is abnormal. If there is
  no odor, smoke, or obvious abnormal appearance, repair or restart the inverter
  according to the alarm corrective measures. Avoid standing directly in front of
  the inverter during maintenance.

#### **A** CAUTION

To prevent misuse or accidents caused by unrelated personnel: Post prominent warning signs or demarcate safety warning areas around the inverter to prevent accidents caused by misuse.

#### NOTICE

Restart the inverter only after removing the fault that impairs safety performance. As the inverter contains no component parts that can be maintained, never open the enclosure, or replace any internal components.

To avoid the risk of electric shock, do not perform any other maintenance operations beyond those described in this manual. If necessary, contact your distributor first. If the problem persists, contact SUNGROW. Otherwise, the losses caused is not covered by the warranty.

SUNGROW

## NOTICE

Touching the PCB or other static sensitive components may cause damage to the device.

- Do not touch the circuit board unnecessarily.
- Observe the regulations to protect against electrostatic and wear an anti-static wrist strap.

## 10.2.2 Routine Maintenance

Item	Method	Period	
Device clean	Check the temperature and dust of the	Six months to a year	
	inverter. Clean the inverter enclosure if	(depending on the dust con-	
	necessary.	tents in air)	
Electrical connection	Check whether all cable are firmly con-		
	nected in place.	Consorth a often assessing in a	
	Check whether there is damage to the	6 months after commissioning and then once or twice a year	
	cables, especially the surface in con-		
	tact with metal.		
General status of the system	Visual check for any damage or de- formation of the inverter.	Every 6 months	
	Check any abnormal noise during the operation.		
	Check each operation parameter.		
	Be sure that nothing covers the heat sink of the inverter.		

# 11 Appendix

## 11.1 Technical Data

Parameter	SH8.0RS	SH10RS	
Input (DC)			
Recommended max. PV input	16000 Wp	20000 Wp	
power		20000 γγρ	
Max. PV input voltage	600 V		
Min. operating PV voltage / Start-	40.77.750.77		
up input voltage	40 V / 50 V		
Rated PV input voltage	360 V		
MPP voltage range	40 V - 560 V		
MPP voltage range for rated	190 V - 480 V	235 V - 480 V	
power	190 V - 400 V	233 V - 400 V	
No. of independent MPP inputs	4		
Default No. of PV strings per		1	
MPPT	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Max. PV input current	64 A ( 16 A / 16 A/ 16 A/ 16 A)		
Max. DC short-circuit current	80 A ( 20 A / 20 A/ 20 A/ 20 A)		
Input / Output (AC)			
Max. AC input power from grid	14500 VA		
Rated AC output power	8000 W	10000 W	
Nated AC output power		9999 W for Australia	
Max. AC output apparent power	8000 VA	10000 VA	
wax. Ac output apparent power		9999VA for Australia	
Max. AC output current	36.4 A	45.5 A	
Rated AC voltage	1 / N / PE, 220 V / 230 V / 240V		
AC voltage range	154 V - 276 V		
Rated grid frequency	50 Hz / 60Hz		
Grid frequency range	45 Hz – 55 Hz / 55 Hz – 65 Hz		
Harmonic (THD)	< 3 % (of rated power)		
Power factor at rated power / Ad-			
justable power factor	> 0.99 / 0.8 leading – 0.8 lagging		
Feed-in phases / connection	1/1		
phases			

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Efficiency         Efficiency           Max. efficiency / European efficiency         97.4% / 96.8%         97.5% / 97.1%           Protection           DC reverse polarity protection         Yes           AC short circuit protection         Yes           Leakage current protection         DC Type II / AC Type II *           DC switch (solar)         Yes           PID Zero         Yes           Battery input reverse polarity protection         I           Protective Class         I           Overvoltage Category         III for AC, II for PV & BAT           Active Anti-Islanding Method         Frequency Shift           Battery type         Li-ion battery           Battery voltage         80 V - 460 V           Max. charge / discharge current         50 A*** / 50 A**           Max. charge / discharge power         10000 W / 10000 W           General Data           Dimensions (W x H x D)         605 mm x 435 mm x 181 mm           Weight         29 kg           Mounting method         Wall-mounting bracket           Topology (Solar / Battery)         Transformerless / Transformerless           Degree of protection         IP65           Operating ambient temperature range         -25°C to 60°C	Parameter	SH8.0RS	SH10RS
efficiency  Protection  Grid monitoring  Grid monitoring  Creverse polarity protection  AC short circuit protection  Eleakage current protection  Creverse polarity  Creves polarity  Creverse polarity  Creves polarity  Cr	Efficiency		
Protection Grid monitoring Grid monitoring Foreverse polarity protection AC short circuit protection AC switch (solar) AC switch (switch (solar) AC switch (solar) AC switch (solar) AC switch (switch (	Max. efficiency / European	07.40/ / 00.00/	97.5% / 97.1%
Grid monitoring Yes  DC reverse polarity protection Yes  AC short circuit protection Yes  Leakage current protection Yes  Surge Protection DC Type II / AC Type II*  DC switch (solar) Yes  Battery input reverse polarity protection Yes  Battery input reverse polarity protection Yes  Battery January Protection Yes  Battery January Protection Yes  Battery input reverse polarity protection III for PV & BAT  Active Anti-Islanding Method Frequency Shift  Battery Data  Battery Data  Battery voltage So V - 460 V  Max. charge / discharge current So A*** / 50 A**  Max. charge / discharge power 10000 W / 10000 W  General Data  Dimensions (W x H x D) 605 mm x 435 mm x 181 mm  Weight 29 kg  Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket  Topology (Solar / Battery) Transformerless / Transformerless  Degree of protection IP65  Operating ambient temperature range 0 - 100 %  Cooling method Natural convection  Max. operating altitude 4000 m  Noise (typical) 35 dB (A)  Display LED digtal display and LED indicator  Communication RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN  DI / DO DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0  MC4 (PV, Max.6mm²) / Plug and play connector (	efficiency	97.4% / 96.8%	
DC reverse polarity protection         Yes           AC short circuit protection         Yes           Leakage current protection         Yes           Surge Protection         DC Type II / AC Type II *           DC switch (solar)         Yes           PID Zero         Yes           Battery input reverse polarity protection         Yes           Protective Class         I           Overvoltage Category         III for AC, II for PV & BAT           Active Anti-Islanding Method         Frequency Shift           Battery Data         Elion battery           Battery type         Li-ion battery           Battery voltage         80 V - 460 V           Max. charge / discharge current         50 A*** / 50 A**           Max. charge / discharge power         10000 W / 10000 W           General Data         Dimensions (W x H x D)         605 mm x 435 mm x 181 mm           Weight         29 kg           Mounting method         Wall-mounting bracket           Topology (Solar / Battery)         Transformerless / Transformerless           Degree of protection         IP65           Operating ambient temperature range         -25°C to 60°C           Allowable relative humidity range         0 - 100 %           Cooling method <td< td=""><td>Protection</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Protection		
AC short circuit protection         Yes           Leakage current protection         Yes           Surge Protection         DC Type II / AC Type II*           DC switch (solar)         Yes           PID Zero         Yes           Battery input reverse polarity protection         Yes           Protective Class         I           Overvoltage Category         III for AC, II for PV & BAT           Active Anti-Islanding Method         Frequency Shift           Battery Data         Eli-ion battery           Battery Voltage         80 V - 460 V           Max. charge / discharge current         50 A*** / 50 A**           Max. charge / discharge power         10000 W / 10000 W           General Data         Veight           Dimensions (W x H x D)         605 mm x 435 mm x 181 mm           Weight         29 kg           Mounting method         Wall-mounting bracket           Topology (Solar / Battery)         Transformerless / Transformerless           Degree of protection         IP65           Operating ambient temperature range         -25°C to 60°C           Allowable relative humidity range         0 - 100 %           Cooling method         Natural convection           Max. operating altitude         4000 m <t< td=""><td>Grid monitoring</td><td>Yes</td><td></td></t<>	Grid monitoring	Yes	
Leakage current protection  Surge Protection  DC Type II / AC Type II *  DC switch (solar)  Yes  PID Zero  Yes  Battery input reverse polarity protection  Protective Class  I  Overvoltage Category  III for AC, II for PV & BAT  Active Anti-Islanding Method  Battery Data  Battery voltage  Battery oltage  Battery voltage  Battery Valtage  Battery	DC reverse polarity protection	Yes	
Surge Protection  DC Type II / AC Type II *  DC switch (solar)  Yes  PID Zero  Battery input reverse polarity protection  Protective Class  I  Overvoltage Category  Battery Data  Battery type  Li-ion battery  Battery voltage  Battery voltage  Battery voltage  Battery type  Li-ion battery  Battery voltage  Battery type  Li-ion battery  Battery voltage  Bo V - 460 V  Max. charge / discharge current  Max. charge / discharge power  General Data  Dimensions (W x H x D)  Bottom x 435 mm x 181 mm  Weight  29 kg  Mounting method  Wall-mounting bracket  Topology (Solar / Battery)  Transformerless / Transformerless  Degree of protection  IP65  Operating ambient temperature range  Allowable relative humidity range  Cooling method  Natural convection  Max. operating altitude  4000 m  Noise (typical)  Display  LED digtal display and LED indicator  Communication  RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN  DI / DO  DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0  MC4 (PV, Max.6mm²) / Plug and play connector (	AC short circuit protection	Yes	
DC switch (solar) PID Zero PID Zero Ptes  Battery input reverse polarity protection Protective Class I covervoltage Category Pattery Data Battery Uppe Battery Uppe Battery Uppe Battery Voltage Battery Volta	Leakage current protection	Yes	
Battery input reverse polarity protection  Protective Class  Overvoltage Category  Battery Data  Battery Data  Battery voltage  Battery type  Li-ion battery  Battery voltage  Bo V - 460 V  Max. charge / discharge current  Max. charge / discharge power  10000 W / 10000 W  General Data  Dimensions (W x H x D)  Bottery Voltage  Bottery  Bot	Surge Protection	DC Type II / AC Type II *	
Battery input reverse polarity protection  Protective Class  Overvoltage Category  Ill for AC, Il for PV & BAT  Active Anti-Islanding Method  Battery Data  Battery Data  Battery type  Li-ion battery  Battery voltage  80 V - 460 V  Max. charge / discharge current  Max. charge / discharge power  Dimensions (W x H x D)  Mounting method  Topology (Solar / Battery)  Degree of protection  Allowable relative humidity range  Cooling method  Noise (typical)  Display  Li-ion battery  80 V - 460 V  Li-ion battery  80 V - 460 V  80 V - 460	DC switch (solar)	Yes	
Protective Class I Overvoltage Category IIII for AC, II for PV & BAT Active Anti-Islanding Method Frequency Shift  Battery Data  Battery type Li-ion battery Battery voltage 80 V - 460 V  Max. charge / discharge current 50 A*** / 50 A**  Max. charge / discharge power 10000 W / 10000 W  General Data  Dimensions (W x H x D) 605 mm x 435 mm x 181 mm  Weight 29 kg  Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket  Topology (Solar / Battery) Transformerless / Transformerless  Degree of protection IP65  Operating ambient temperature range  Allowable relative humidity range 0 - 100 %  Cooling method Natural convection  Max. operating altitude 4000 m  Noise (typical) 35 dB (A)  Display LED digtal display and LED indicator  Communication RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN  DI / DO DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0  MC4 (PV, Max.6mm²) / Plug and play connector (	PID Zero	Yes	
Protective Class I Overvoltage Category IIII for AC, II for PV & BAT Active Anti-Islanding Method Frequency Shift  Battery Data  Battery type Li-ion battery  Battery voltage 80 V - 460 V  Max. charge / discharge current 50 A*** / 50 A**  Max. charge / discharge power 10000 W / 10000 W  General Data  Dimensions (W x H x D) 605 mm x 435 mm x 181 mm  Weight 29 kg  Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket  Topology (Solar / Battery) Transformerless / Transformerless  Degree of protection IP65  Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range 0 - 100 %  Cooling method Natural convection  Max. operating altitude 4000 m  Noise (typical) 35 dB (A)  Display LED digtal display and LED indicator  Communication RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN  DI / DO DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0  MC4 (PV, Max.6mm²) / Plug and play connector (	Battery input reverse polarity		
Overvoltage Category Active Anti-Islanding Method Battery Data  Battery Uppe Li-ion battery Battery voltage Battery voltage Battery voltage Battery discharge current Max. charge / discharge power Max. days mm x 181 mm  Weight Multimage wall-mounting bracket Topology (Solar / Battery) Transformerless / Transformerless Degree of protection IP65 Operating ambient temperature range Allowable relative humidity range O - 100 % Cooling method Natural convection  Max. operating altitude Max. operating altitude Max. operating altitude A000 m  Noise (typical) Max. display and LED indicator Communication RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN DI / DO DI*1 / DO*2 / DRMO  MC4 (PV, Max.6mm²) / Plug and play connector (	protection	res	
Active Anti-Islanding Method  Battery Data  Battery type Li-ion battery  Battery voltage Bo V - 460 V  Max. charge / discharge current Max. charge / discharge power Mounting Data  Dimensions (W x H x D) Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket  Topology (Solar / Battery) Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket  Topology (Solar / Battery) Mounting ambient temperature For part of protection Max. operating ambient temperature For part of protection Max. operating altitude Mounting Mounting Method Natural convection Max. operating altitude Mounting Mounti	Protective Class	I	
Battery Data  Battery type  Li-ion battery  Battery voltage  80 V - 460 V  Max. charge / discharge current  50 A*** / 50 A**  Max. charge / discharge power  10000 W / 10000 W  General Data  Dimensions (W x H x D)  605 mm x 435 mm x 181 mm  Weight  29 kg  Mounting method  Wall-mounting bracket  Topology (Solar / Battery)  Transformerless / Transformerless  Degree of protection  IP65  Operating ambient temperature range  Allowable relative humidity range  Cooling method  Natural convection  Max. operating altitude  A000 m  Noise ( typical )  Display  LED digtal display and LED indicator  Communication  RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN  DI / DO  DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0  MC4 ( PV, Max.6mm² ) / Plug and play connector (	Overvoltage Category	III for AC, II for PV & BAT	
Battery type Battery voltage Battery Degree of Data Battery Degree of protection Battery Voltage	Active Anti-Islanding Method	Frequency Shift	
Battery voltage 80 V - 460 V  Max. charge / discharge current 50 A*** / 50 A**  Max. charge / discharge power 10000 W / 10000 W  General Data  Dimensions (W x H x D) 605 mm x 435 mm x 181 mm  Weight 29 kg  Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket  Topology (Solar / Battery) Transformerless / Transformerless  Degree of protection IP65  Operating ambient temperature range -25°C to 60°C  Allowable relative humidity range 0 - 100 %  Cooling method Natural convection  Max. operating altitude 4000 m  Noise (typical) 35 dB (A)  Display LED digtal display and LED indicator  Communication RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN  DI / DO DC connection type	Battery Data		
Max. charge / discharge current  Max. charge / discharge power  10000 W / 10000 W  General Data  Dimensions (W x H x D)  605 mm x 435 mm x 181 mm  Weight  29 kg  Mounting method  Wall-mounting bracket  Topology (Solar / Battery)  Transformerless / Transformerless  Degree of protection  IP65  Operating ambient temperature range  Allowable relative humidity range  Cooling method  Natural convection  Max. operating altitude  A000 m  Noise (typical)  Display  LED digtal display and LED indicator  Communication  RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN  DI / DO  DC connection type  1000 W / 10000 W	Battery type	Li-ion battery	
Max. charge / discharge power     10000 W / 10000 W       General Data       Dimensions (W x H x D)     605 mm x 435 mm x 181 mm       Weight     29 kg       Mounting method     Wall-mounting bracket       Topology (Solar / Battery)     Transformerless / Transformerless       Degree of protection     IP65       Operating ambient temperature range     -25°C to 60°C       Allowable relative humidity range     0 - 100 %       Cooling method     Natural convection       Max. operating altitude     4000 m       Noise ( typical )     35 dB ( A )       Display     LED digtal display and LED indicator       Communication     RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN       DI / DO     DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0       MC4 ( PV, Max.6mm² ) / Plug and play connector (	Battery voltage	80 V - 460 V	
Dimensions (W x H x D)  605 mm x 435 mm x 181 mm  Weight  29 kg  Mounting method  Wall-mounting bracket  Topology (Solar / Battery)  Transformerless / Transformerless  Degree of protection  IP65  Operating ambient temperature range  Allowable relative humidity range  Cooling method  Natural convection  Max. operating altitude  A000 m  Noise (typical)  Display  LED digtal display and LED indicator  Communication  RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN  DI / DO  DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0  MC4 (PV, Max.6mm²) / Plug and play connector (	Max. charge / discharge current	50 A*** / 50 A**	
Dimensions (W x H x D)  605 mm x 435 mm x 181 mm  Weight  29 kg  Mounting method  Wall-mounting bracket  Topology (Solar / Battery)  Transformerless / Transformerless  Degree of protection  IP65  Operating ambient temperature range  Allowable relative humidity range  Cooling method  Natural convection  Max. operating altitude  4000 m  Noise (typical)  35 dB (A)  Display  LED digtal display and LED indicator  Communication  RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN  DI / DO  DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0  MC4 (PV, Max.6mm²) / Plug and play connector (	Max. charge / discharge power	10000 W / 10000 W	
Weight     29 kg       Mounting method     Wall-mounting bracket       Topology (Solar / Battery)     Transformerless / Transformerless       Degree of protection     IP65       Operating ambient temperature range     -25°C to 60°C       Allowable relative humidity range     0 - 100 %       Cooling method     Natural convection       Max. operating altitude     4000 m       Noise (typical)     35 dB (A)       Display     LED digtal display and LED indicator       Communication     RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN       DI / DO     DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0       DC connection type     MC4 (PV, Max.6mm²) / Plug and play connector (	General Data		
Mounting method Wall-mounting bracket  Topology (Solar / Battery) Transformerless / Transformerless  Degree of protection IP65  Operating ambient temperature range -25°C to 60°C  Allowable relative humidity range 0 - 100 %  Cooling method Natural convection  Max. operating altitude 4000 m  Noise (typical) 35 dB (A)  Display LED digtal display and LED indicator  Communication RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN  DI / DO DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0  MC4 (PV, Max.6mm²) / Plug and play connector (	Dimensions (W x H x D)	605 mm x 435 mm x 181 mm	
Topology (Solar / Battery)  Degree of protection  Operating ambient temperature range  Allowable relative humidity range  Cooling method  Max. operating altitude  Noise (typical)  Display  LED digtal display and LED indicator  Communication  RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN  DI / DO  DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0  MC4 (PV, Max.6mm²) / Plug and play connector (	Weight	29 kg	
Degree of protection IP65  Operating ambient temperature range -25°C to 60°C  Allowable relative humidity range 0 - 100 %  Cooling method Natural convection  Max. operating altitude 4000 m  Noise (typical) 35 dB (A)  Display LED digtal display and LED indicator  Communication RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN  DI / DO DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0  MC4 (PV, Max.6mm²) / Plug and play connector (	Mounting method	Wall-mounting bracket	
Operating ambient temperature range  Allowable relative humidity range  Cooling method  Natural convection  Max. operating altitude  Noise (typical)  Display  LED digtal display and LED indicator  Communication  RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN  DI / DO  DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0  MC4 (PV, Max.6mm²) / Plug and play connector (	Topology (Solar / Battery)	Transformerless / Transformerless	
Allowable relative humidity range 0 - 100 %  Cooling method Natural convection  Max. operating altitude 4000 m  Noise (typical) 35 dB (A)  Display LED digtal display and LED indicator  Communication RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN  DI / DO DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0  MC4 (PV, Max.6mm²) / Plug and play connector (	Degree of protection	IP65	
Allowable relative humidity range 0 - 100 %  Cooling method Natural convection  Max. operating altitude 4000 m  Noise (typical) 35 dB (A)  Display LED digtal display and LED indicator  Communication RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN  DI / DO DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0  MC4 (PV, Max.6mm²) / Plug and play connector (	Operating ambient temperature	-25°C to 60°C	
Cooling method  Max. operating altitude  Noise (typical)  Display  LED digtal display and LED indicator  Communication  RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN  DI / DO  DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0  MC4 (PV, Max.6mm²) / Plug and play connector (	range		
Max. operating altitude 4000 m  Noise (typical) 35 dB (A)  Display LED digtal display and LED indicator  Communication RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN  DI / DO DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0  MC4 (PV, Max.6mm²) / Plug and play connector (	Allowable relative humidity range	0 - 100 %	
Noise (typical)  Display  LED digtal display and LED indicator  Communication  RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN  DI / DO  DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0  MC4 (PV, Max.6mm²) / Plug and play connector (	Cooling method	Natural convection	
Display  LED digtal display and LED indicator  Communication  RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN  DI / DO  DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0  MC4 ( PV, Max.6mm² ) / Plug and play connector (	Max. operating altitude	4000 m	
Communication RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN  DI / DO DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0  DC connection type  MC4 ( PV, Max.6mm² ) / Plug and play connector (	Noise ( typical )		
Communication RS485, WLAN, Ethernet, CAN  DI / DO DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0  DC connection type  MC4 ( PV, Max.6mm² ) / Plug and play connector (	Display	LED digtal display and LED indicator	
DI / DO DI*1 / DO*2 / DRM0  MC4 ( PV, Max.6mm² ) / Plug and play connector (			
DC connection type  MC4 ( PV, Max.6mm² ) / Plug and play connector (			
battery, Max.10mm²)			
	DC connection type		

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Parameter	SH8.0RS	SH10RS	
AC connection type	Plug and play connector ( Max.16mm² )		
Country of manufacture	China		
Pollution degree	3		
Backup Data ( on grid mode )			
Rated output power for backup	14500	14500 W	
load	14500 W		
Rated output current for backup	63 A		
load			
Backup Data ( off-grid mode )			
Rated voltage	1 / N / PE, 220 V / 230 V / 240 V (±2 %)		
Frequency range	50 Hz / 60 Hz (±0.2 %)		
Total output THDv for linear load	< 2 %		
Switch time to emergency mode	< 10 ms		
Rated output power	8000 W / 8000 VA	10000 W / 10000 VA	
Peak output power	13680 VA,10s		

<sup>\*</sup> Only when the DC switch is set to "ON", the DC Type II is able to provide effective protection against electrical surges.

## 11.2 Quality Assurance

When product faults occur during the warranty period, SUNGROW will provide free service or replace the product with a new one.

#### **Evidence**

During the warranty period, the customer shall provide the product purchase invoice and date. In addition, the trademark on the product shall be undamaged and legible. Otherwise, SUNGROW has the right to refuse to honor the quality guarantee.

#### **Conditions**

- After replacement, unqualified products shall be processed by SUNGROW.
- The customer shall give SUNGROW a reasonable period to repair the faulty device.

#### **Exclusion of Liability**

In the following circumstances, SUNGROW has the right to refuse to honor the quality guarantee:

- The free warranty period for the whole machine/components has expired.
- · The device is damaged during transport.
- The device is incorrectly installed, refitted, or used.
- The device operates in harsh conditions beyond those described in this manual.

<sup>\*\*</sup> With SBR series batteries, the maximum charge and discharge current is 30A.

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The fault or damage is caused by installation, repairs, modification, or disassembly performed by a service provider or personnel not from SUNGROW.

- The fault or damage is caused by the use of non-standard or non-SUNGROW components or software.
- The installation and use range are beyond stipulations of relevant international standards.
- The damage is caused by unexpected natural factors.

For faulty products in any of above cases, if the customer requests maintenance, paid maintenance service may be provided based on the judgment of SUNGROW.

#### 11.3 Contact Information

In case of questions about this product, please contact us.

We need the following information to provide you the best assistance:

- · Model of the device
- · Serial number of the device
- · Fault code/name
- · Brief description of the problem

For detailed contact information, please visit: https://en.sungrowpower.com/contactUS